

Michaela Owens, Innovative Restoration Technician Maggie Eshleman, Restoration Scientist Corinna Riginos, Director of Science Hannah Demler, Innovative Restoration Technician Christopher Donovan, Innovative Restoration Technician

The effects of root enhancement seed technologies and timing of seeding on Wyoming big sagebrush establishment



Sagebrush Steppe

Former range



Current range







Wyoming Big Sagebrush, Artemisia tridentata subsp. wyomingensis



Establishing sagebrush from seed is challenging

- Container planting is largely successful
- Container planting is expensive
- Seeding failure is common





Ecological Challenges



- Episodic establishment
- Climate change
- Water/nutrient availability
- Competition



Reclamation Challenges



- Soil stability/erosion
- Germination requirements
- Nutrient availability
- Nurse plants
- Water availability
- Seed viability

What is a Seed Technology?



Coat type



Root Enhancement Technologies



First, we tested readily available fertilizers







Turning liquid fertilizer into a seed enhancement technology



Poor emergence from pellets





Beyond pellets



Some teck gles lance root growth...



But negatively impact emergence





Testing these technologies in the real world



McIntosh Pit

- Uranium mine
- Opened in 1950s
- Closed in 1982
- Actively being reclaimed
- Geomorphic reclamation
- No topsoil piles



Year 0 site





Year 1 site





Emergence is higher at year 1 sites



Topography effects emergence at year 0 sites







Survival is higher at year 0 sites







Seedlings grow up to 10x larger at year 0 sites







Takeaways

- Mixed and weak effects of root enhancement technology on emergence, survival, and growth
- Some inhibited emergence but enhanced size
- Time since reclamation plays a large role in sagebrush establishment





More time since reclamation means more, smaller seedlings



Implications for reclamation

- Approaches that increase emergence through increased soil stability and available soil moisture in Year 0 could lead to higher reclamation success
- Re-seeding one year after reclamation can be successful and is an opportunity to improve sagebrush establishment if initial seeding was unsuccessful



Next steps

- Collect data from current field trials
- Develop new root enhancement technologies
- Lab and field trials



