Spring Creek Mine Navajo Transitional Energy Company, LLC.





Agenda

Introduction

Navajo Transitional Energy Company

Wetland Restoration

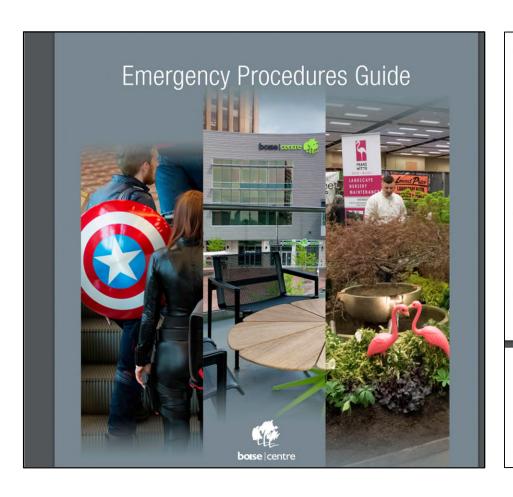
Successes and Challenges

Safety Share

Fire Exits!



How many folks know there is an Emergency Procedure Guide for the Boise center posted online?



Emergency Response Leaders

The Executive Director of Boise Centre has the ultimate responsibility for our patrons, employees, and facility; the Executive Director should be called immediately in the event of an emergency. The following persons will assume the responsibility as the Emergency Response Leader (ERL) in the absence of the Executive Director. If none are on site, the on-duty Operations Supervisor will take the responsibility until one arrives.

In Case of Emergency, Contact Everyone on this List:

Pat Rice, Executive Director, (208) 866-6465

Cody Lund, Assistant Executive Director, (208) 695-7479

Nick Souba, Director of Operations, (208) 941-0213

Brandon Doty, Safety & Security Specialist, (208) 422-7822

Joel Davis, Facility Manager, (208) 908-3408

Fire Emergency

Boise Centre is equipped throughout with a fire alarm control system, and a fire sprinkler system. The fire alarm system is monitored 24/7 by a qualified professional alarm company.

If the alarm system detects a fire, the Fire Department is notified by the alarm company; their arrival will normally be within 5-8 minutes, under reasonable conditions.

If you are located on an upper level of Boise Centre, use stairs to exit the building. If there is smoke present in one stairtower, direct yourself and other guests/employees to another stairtower. DO NOT USE ESCALATORS OR ELEVATORS IN THE EVENT OF A FIRE.



Provide Boise Centre staff or the ERL with any information pertaining to the fire; i.e. location, severity, what happened, injuries from the incident, etc.

Per the Americans with Disabilities Act, Areas of Rescue are located and labeled in Boise Centre's stair towers. These locations have call boxes and instructions posted in case of an emergency.

If you were in this room, Where would you go?



About Me!

UW Graduate in 2012

Rangeland Ecology and Watershed Management

Reclamation and Restoration Minor

Wildlife Society

Shotgun Sports Team Secretary

Range Club

ASMR(ASRS) club

Shrub Nerd



About NTEC



- Navajo Transitional Energy Company (NTEC) is a Navajo Nation owned Limited Liability Company.
- Formed in 2013 to purchase Navajo Mine, New Mexico
- Hold a 7% share of the Four Corners Power Plant, New Mexico
- Helium Project
- Invested in a Rare Earth Element Mining Project
- Alternative and Renewable Energy Projects (Primarily on the Navajo Nation)
- NTEC acquired Spring Creek Mine along with the other assets of Cloud Peak Energy on October 24th 2019



SCM Supporting the Economy





Average Salary for all Full-Time Hourly Employees \$73,000/year*

Goods and Services & Community Contributions \$117.9 million



Total Federal, State and Local Taxes and Royalties paid to Montana in 2022
\$48.0 million



Total Tax and Royalties Paid by NTEC in 2022: \$269.1 MILLION

^{*}Does NOT include benefits, includes overtime

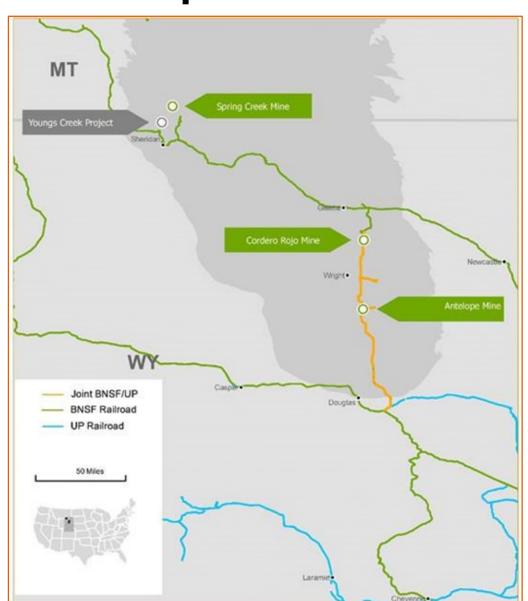
Spring Creek Mine – Customer Reach





NTEC Operations





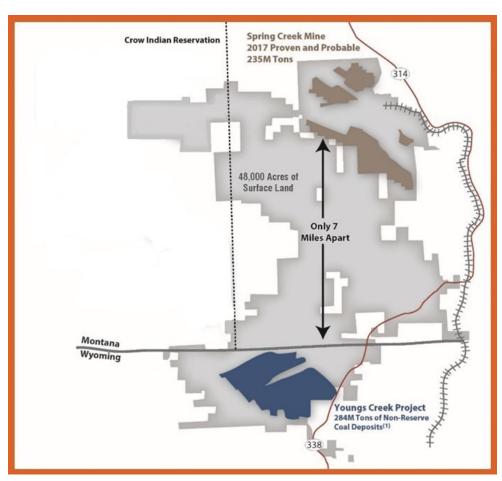
2021 by the numbers:

- Approx. <u>1,500 employees</u> in Wyoming, Montana, Colorado and New Mexico
- > 3rd largest U.S. coal producer
- Approx. <u>51.7 million</u> tons produced
- Approx. <u>2 percent</u> of U.S. electricity generation
- 5.1 million tons exported to Asia through British Columbia

Spring Creek Complex



Potential Development Options



(1) Non-reserve coal deposits are not reserves under SEC Industry Guide 7. Estimates of non-reserve coal deposits are subject to further exploration and development, are more speculative, and may not be converted to future reserves of the company.

Youngs Creek Project

- 284 million tons of non-reserve coal deposits at December 31, 2019⁽¹⁾
- Contracted royalty payments of 8% vs. 12.5% federal rate
- 48,000 controlled acres of surface land connecting Youngs Creek and Spring Creek deposits

Recognized for Health, Safety & Environmental Performance



National Association of State Land Reclamationists – Outstanding Reclamation Award

> 2018 – Impressive reclamation and innovative practices

Office of Surface Mining (OSM) – National Excellence in Surface Mine Reclamation

- 2017 Enhanced reclamation success through diversity of topography, soil and vegetation
- 2009 Voluntary plantings of rare mustard plant (woolly twinpod)
- 2005 Reclamation of the South Fork stream channel

Office of Surface Mining (OSM) - Good Neighbor Award

> 2012 - Reclamation & mining education outreach, flood responses

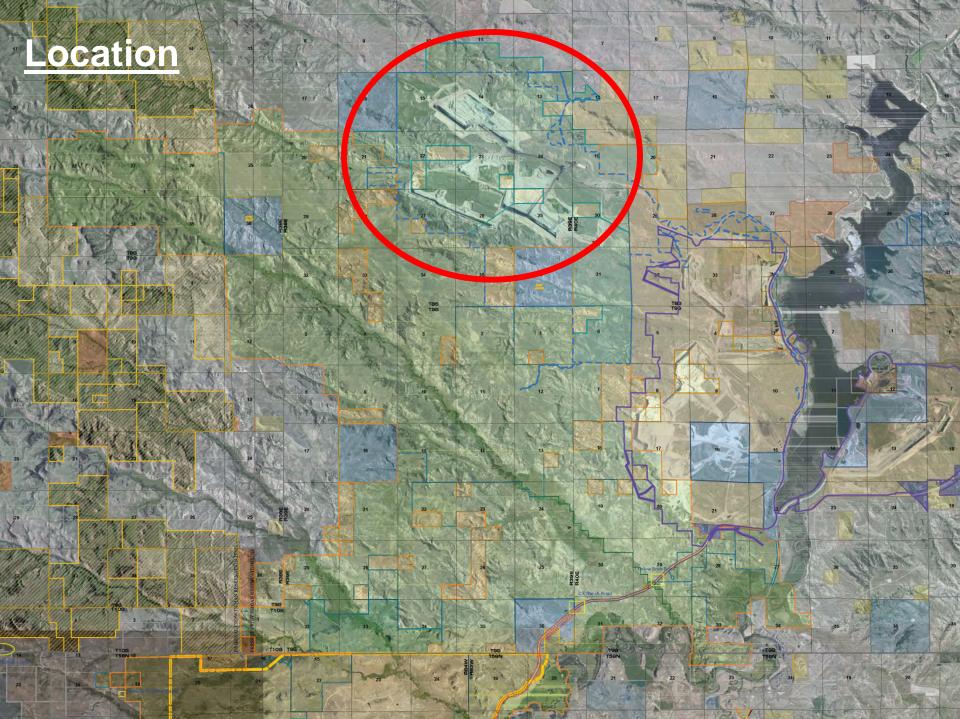
Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) - Sentinel's of Safety

- 2019 2017 Sentinel's of Safety Runner-Up
- 2013 Sentinel's of Safety Runner-Up
- 2011 Sentinel's of Safety Runner-Up
- 2008 Sentinel's of Safety Runner-Up
- 2005 Sentinel's of Safety Runner-Up

Rocky Mountain Coal Mining Institute (RMCMI)

- > 2013 Safety Award
- 2006 Safety Award





Mine Layout

Active Mining in Pits 2, 4 & 7





Recent NTEC Reclamation Awards

Navajo Transitional Energy Company

Reclamation Consistently Recognized For Its Quality

2018 Spring Creek Mine – Outstanding Reclamation Award from National Association of State Lands Reclamationists.

2017 Antelope Mine – Wyoming Game and Fish- Industry wildlife Stewardship award.

2015 Cordero Rojo Mine – National Excellence in Surface Mining and Reclamation Award from the Office of Surface Mining for restoration of the Belle Fourche River, including both the hydrologic functions as well as the aquatic biota of this stream.

2015 Cordero Rojo Mine – Wyoming Excellence in Surface Mining and Reclamation Award for restoration of the Belle Fourche River, including both the hydrologic functions as well as the aquatic biota of this stream.

2014 Antelope Mine – National Excellence in Surface Mining and Reclamation Award from the Office of Surface Mining for *sustainable control of cheatgrass on western reclaimed lands through innovative husbandry practices.*

2013 Antelope Mine – Wyoming Excellence in Surface Mining for development and implementation of *ground-breaking techniques to control cheatgrass and improve reclamation*

2010 Antelope Mine - Mining and Reclamation Award from the Office of Surface Mining for shrub development on reclaimed lands *establishing wildlife habitat*

2010 Antelope Mine - Wyoming Excellence in Surface Mining and Reclamation Award from the Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality for *shrub development* on reclaimed lands establishing wildlife habitat

2009 Spring Creek Mine – National Excellence in Surface Mining and Reclamation Award from the Office of Surface Mining for intensive efforts in *re-establishing a rare plant species*







Native Wetland Restoration Projects in the Tongue River valley of the Powder River Basin.



Background of a Wetland Restoration project

- Utilizes geomorphic principles specific to the area
- Intent = establish stable drainages that can handle 100-year, 6-hour flow events
- Intent = Restore native wetlands disturbed as a result of mining
- Intent= Restore native wetlands as a result of overgrazing or storm events
- Intent = Create Native wetlands as an ACOE Mitigation for offsite impacts as part of a Nationwide 404 Permit.



DETERMINE THE NEED

- Damaged Ecosystem?
- ☐ Grazing
- Storm event
- □ Compensatory Mitigation?
- Like in kind mitigation for future impacts?
- Like in kind mitigation for existing impacts?
- Mine Reclamation?
- Creating new wetlands
- Re creating existing wetlands that have been removed





Find a site

Are you restoring an existing wetland?

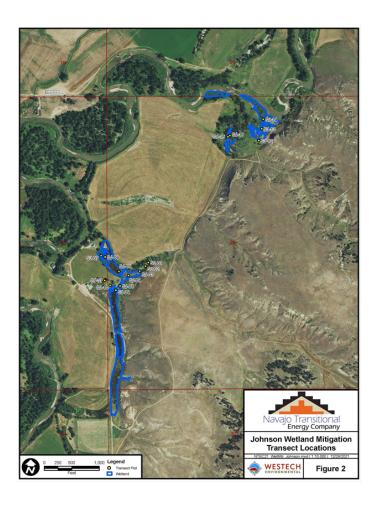
Is the site accessible

Is it Compensatory?

Location must be not on applicants property in the application

Is it Reclamation?

Have you completed your spoil quality testing, and brought your spoils to the approved PMT



Navajo Transitiona Energy Company

Permit it!

US Army Corps of Engineers(USACE) 404 Permit



- State Permits?
 - Montana and Wyoming require additional permitting through the Conservation district and the Water Quality Division
 - Known as a "joint 310 application"
 - 318 turbidity waiver- both
 - MFWP 124 permit
 - Navigable water determination- both
 - USACE 401 certification- Both
 - USACE 404 Permit Both

If you are on mine permit, you will have to permit through the Surface Mine Permit process as well



Baseline Information

Vegetation

• Both upland and riparian

• Wildlife

- Aquatic-Invertebrates, Vertebrates, Ichthyology
- Terrestrial Mammals, Entomology

Hydraulics

- Are you building a stream?
- Are you building a slough?



The Process



Once you've obtained your permits, baseline, location......

Now you can start work!

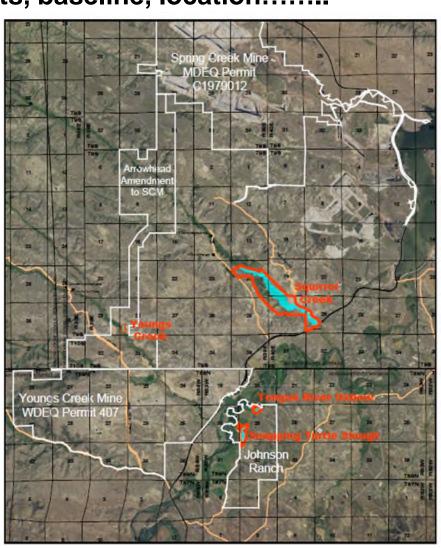
NTEC currently has 3 Wetland projects in the Tongue River Valley

Squirrel Creek- Complete

Johnson Ranch- Monitoring

Youngs Creek Relocation- in process



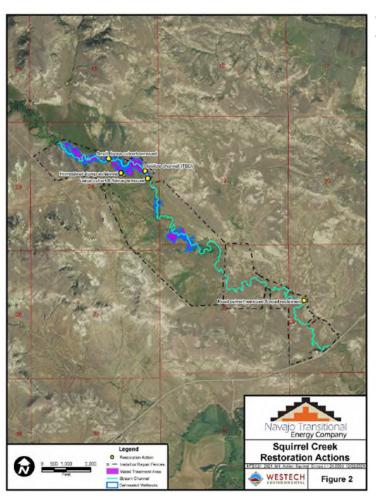




The Squirrel Creek site is an abandoned farmstead

<u>lssues:</u>

- Heavily grazed
- <u>Litter</u>
- High annual vegetation
- Low crossing roads

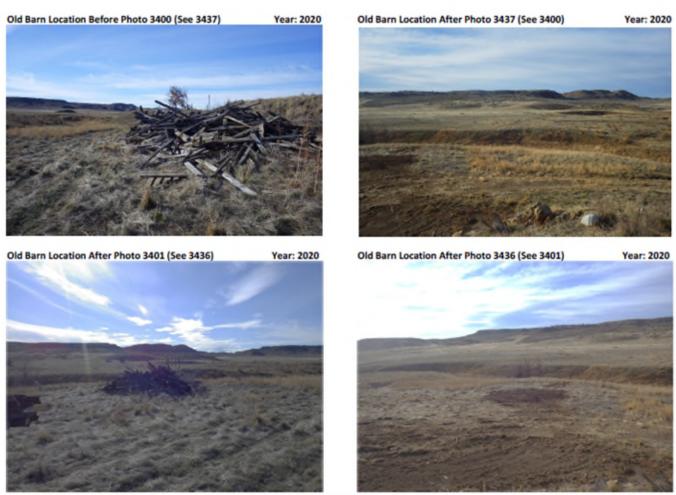


Mitigation:

- Required Trash Clean up
- Required Culvert Removal and replacements
- Required grazing exclusion fencing



Attachment 1.SC Squirrel Creek Mitigation Site 2020 Restoration Actions Photograph Log



NWO-2009-000654 Wetland and Stream Mitigation Monitoring Report (2017-2020)

Attachment 1.SC-10

WESTECH Environmental Services, Inc. March 2021



Appendix E-2: Stream Monitoring Photographs for Squirrel Creek Stream Mitigation Site











Appendix E - 3: Squirrel Creek Photographs - Reach 2









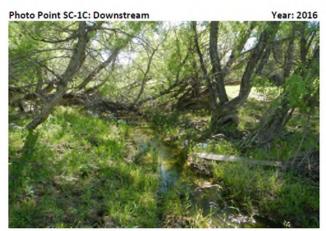
NWO-2009-000654 Wetland and Stream Mitigation Monitoring Report (2017-2021)



Appendix E-2: Stream Monitoring Photographs for Squirrel Creek Stream Mitigation Site











The Johnson Ranch site contains 2 projects on Private Property

<u>lssues:</u>

- Tongue River Flood Damage
- <u>Litter</u>
- High annual vegetation
- Livestock Damage



Mitigation:

- Required Trash Clean up
- Required Culvert Removal and replacements
- Required grazing exclusion fencing
- Required flood water managements



Year: 2020

Appendix E.JR: Wetland Comparison Photographs: Johnson Ranch Site

Site: SJ-05









NWO-2009-000654 Wetland and Stream Mitigation Monitoring Report (2017-2020)

EJR-3

WESTECH Environmental Services, Inc. March 2021



Appendix E.JR: Wetland Comparison Photographs: Johnson Ranch Site









NWO-2009-000654 Wetland and Stream Mitigation Monitoring Report (2017-2020)

E.JR-6

WESTECH Environmental Services, Inc. March 2021



Appendix E.JR: Wetland Comparison Photographs: Johnson Ranch Site









NWO-2009-000654 Wetland and Stream Mitigation Monitoring Report (2017-2020)

EJR-8

WESTECH Environmental Services, Inc. March 2021



The Youngs Creek Re- alignment project is a complete stream

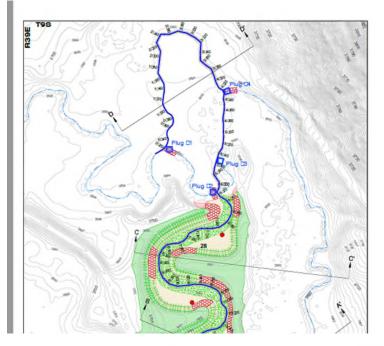
and wetland realignment

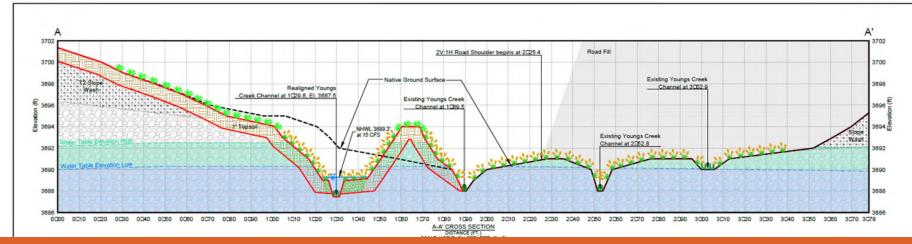
<u>lssues :</u>

- Youngs Creek Channel is in the way of a potential Haul Road Development between two mines
- Livestock Damage

Mitigation:

- Stream channel re-routed
- Wetlands Expanded
- Required grazing exclusion fencing
- Required flood water managements







The Youngs Creek Re- alignment project is a complete stream and wetland realignment

Status

- Construction work was completed in January of 2023
 - Challenges
 - Record winter
 - Record snow pack
 - Record Cold temperatures
 - Unsually high ground water levels
- Seeding and Reclamation phase
 - Seeded with a native mix
 - <u>Live willow transplants</u>
 - Erosion control practices(matting, sterile triticale, wattles
 - Grazing exclusion

Project Phases:

- Topsoil removal
- Wetland sod salvage
- Channel Excavation
- Overburden pile shaping (permanent feature)
- Topsoil and sod placement
- Seeding and erosion control





















Wrap-up

Wetland permitting and restoration is not as easy as upland reclamation

Find a good contractor

Wetland restoration takes a long time but the benefits are worth it.



Johnson Ranch wetlands Flooding after mitigation work had been completed......monitor, repair, monitor, repair



Questions?