35th Annual Meeting of the American Society of Mining & Reclamation

# Quantitative Evaluation of Flow Restoration Associated with Undermined Streams at the Bailey Mine in Southwestern Pennsylvania



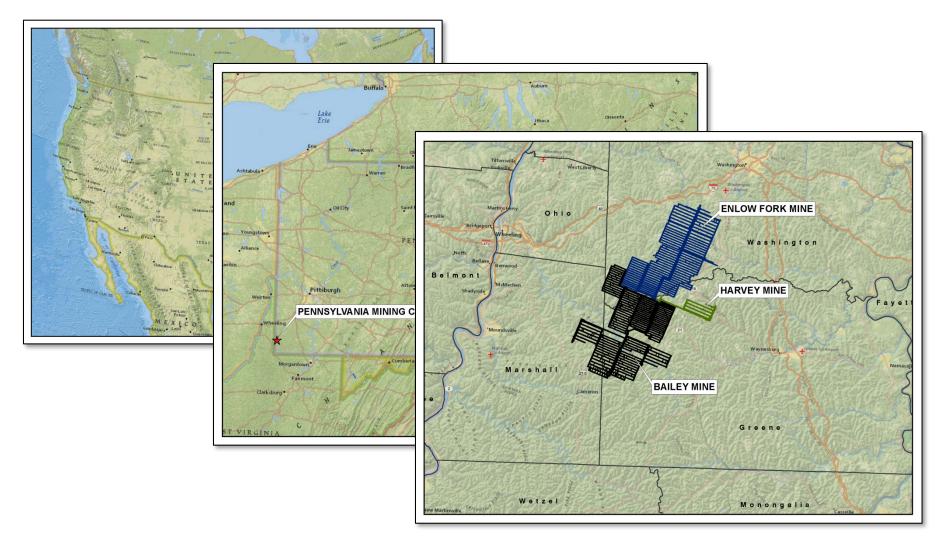
Presented By:

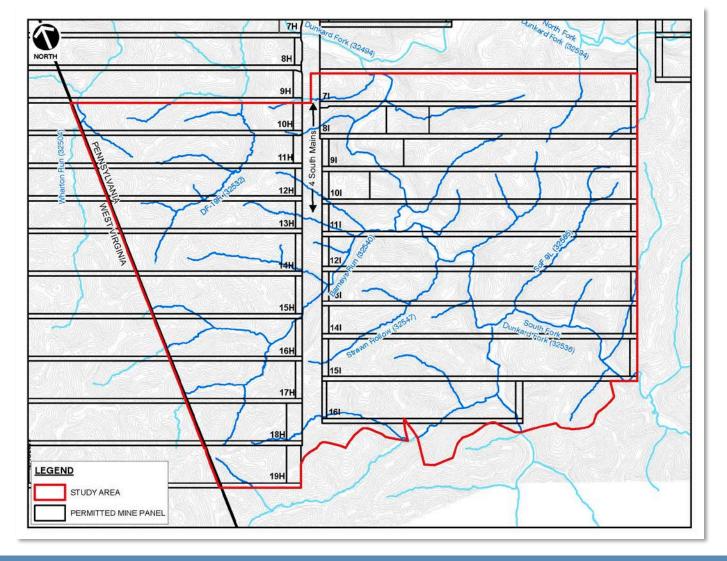
Joshua M. Silvis | CONSOL Energy, Inc. | Canonsburg, PA | Michael L. Shema | Civil & Environmental Consultants, Inc. | Pittsburgh, PA

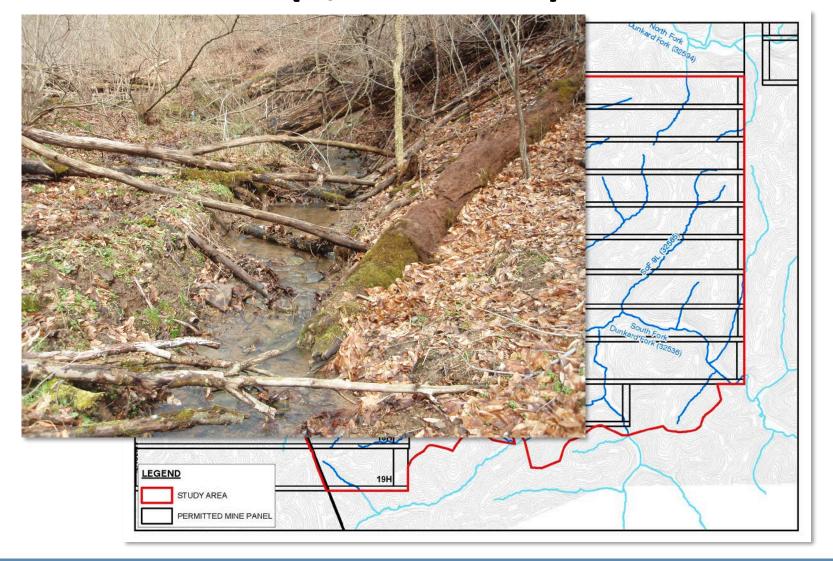


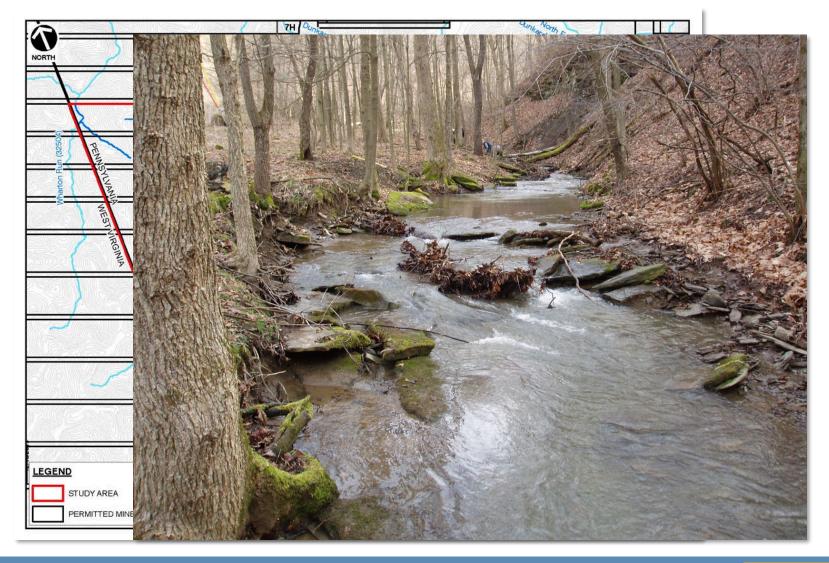


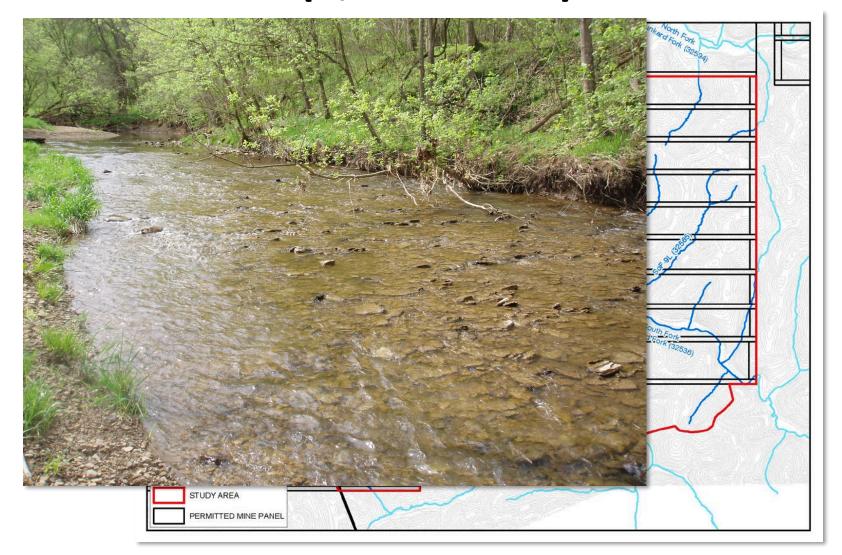
# **STUDY AREA**











## REGULATORY DRIVERS

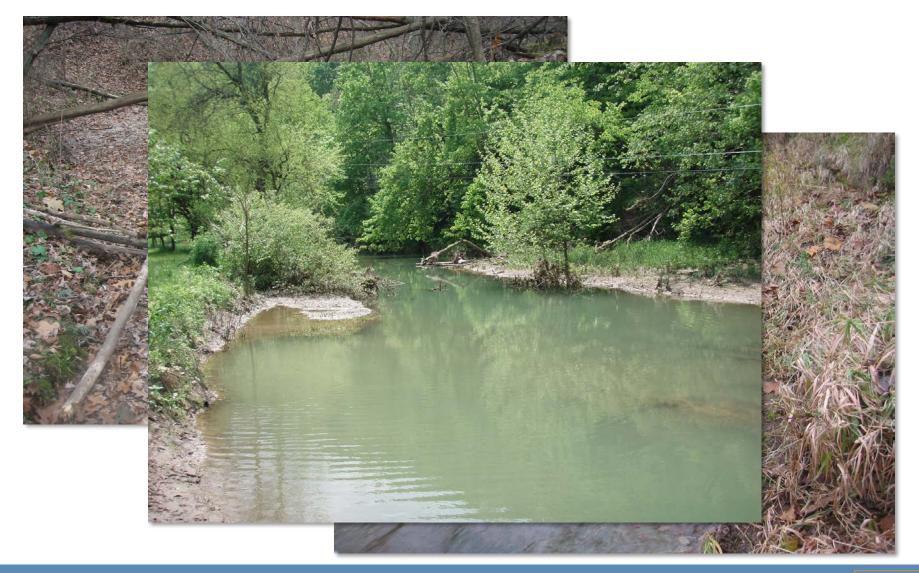
- Pennsylvania Regulations:
  - Mine Subsidence Act
  - Clean Streams Law
  - Chapters 86, 87, 89, 93, and 105 of Title 25 of the Pennsylvania Code
- Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection Technical Guidance Document:
  - Technical Guidance Document No. 563-2000-655 (Streams TGD), entitled "Surface Water Protection Underground Bituminous Coal Mining Operations"

# PROVISIONS OF STREAMS TGD

- Pre- and post-mining monitoring of streams
- Monitoring frequency and reporting
- Performance standards for determining effects
- Intervention measures if postmining flow loss or subsidence pooling occurs



# **LONGWALL EFFECTS ON STREAMS**



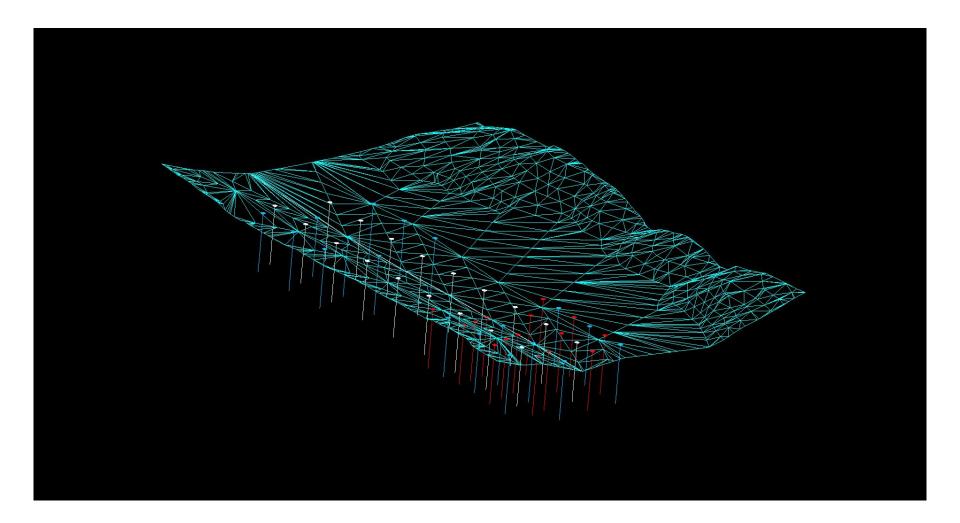












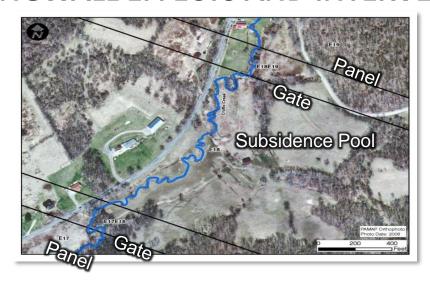


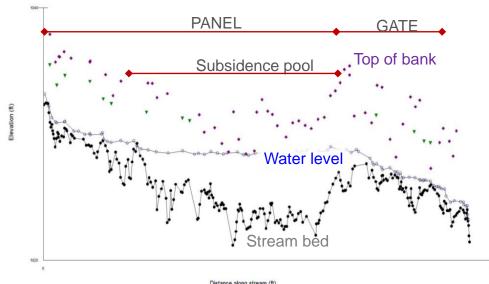










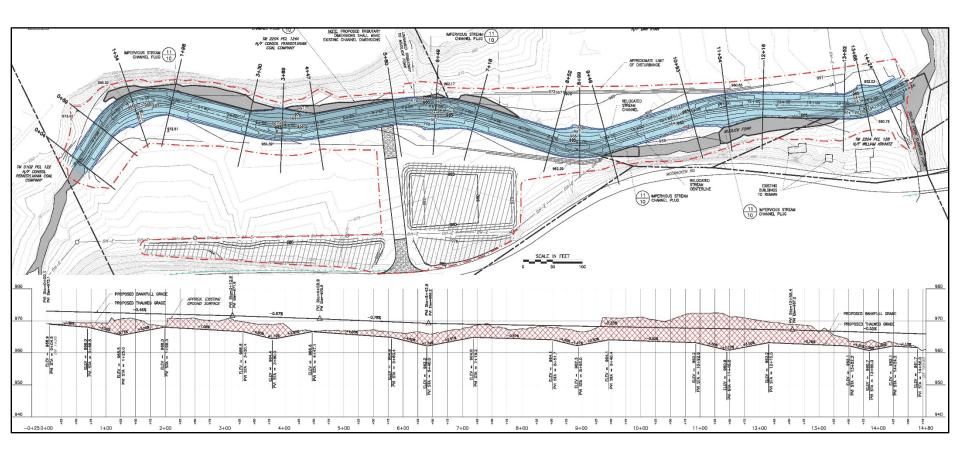






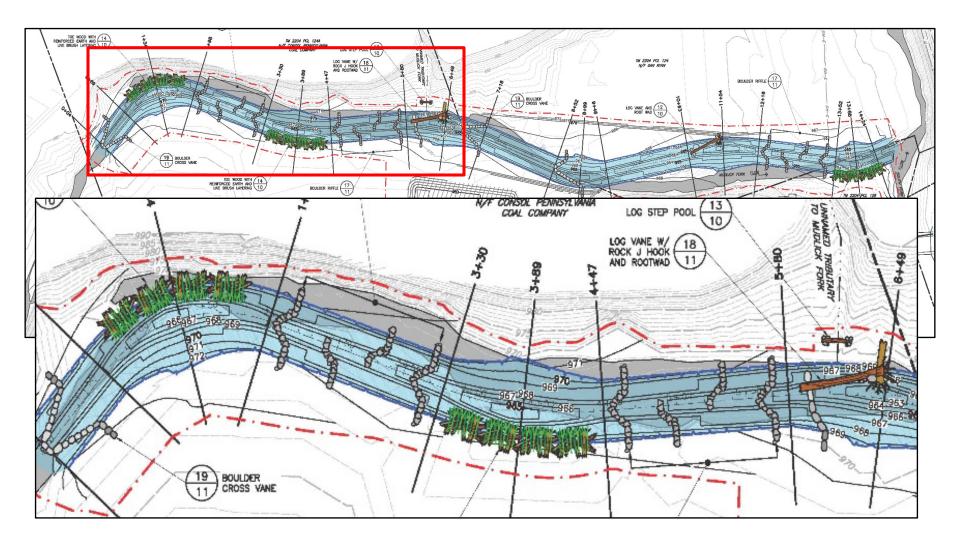








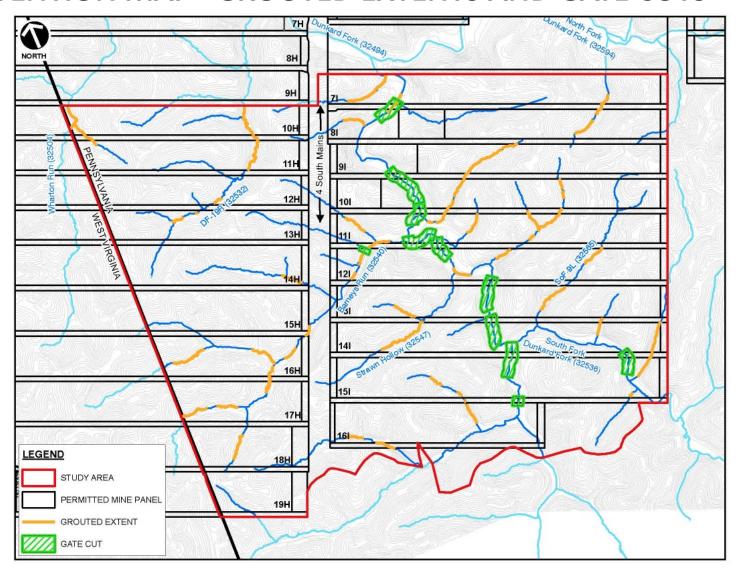








#### **INTERVENTION MAP - GROUTED EXTENTS AND GATE CUTS**







#### HYDROLOGIC AND BIOLOGIC MONITORING DATA

#### HYDROLOGIC

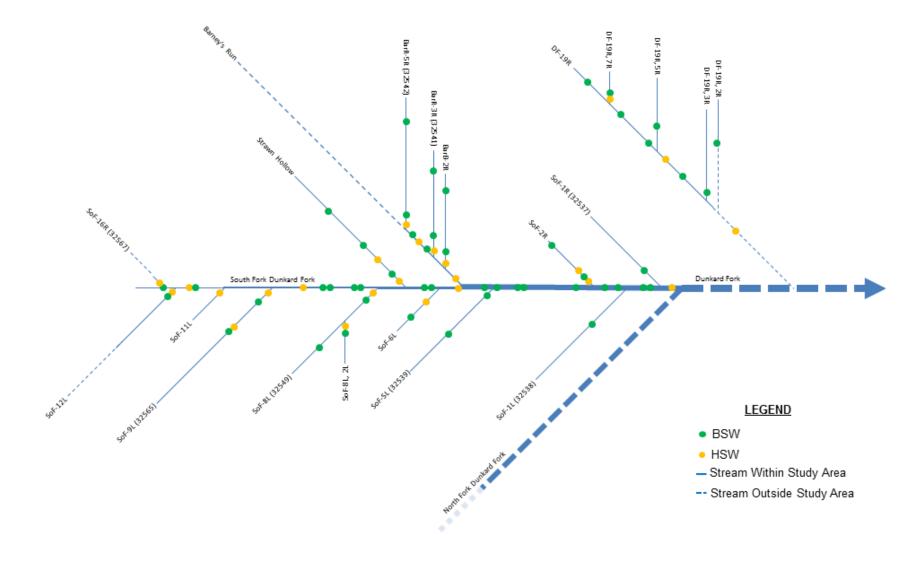
- Discharge Measurements (point specific)
- Flow Loss Observations (linear)

#### **BIOLOGIC**

- Stream Biological Monitoring (point specific)
- Stream Classification (linear)



#### HYDROLOGIC AND BIOLOGIC MONITORING NETWORK

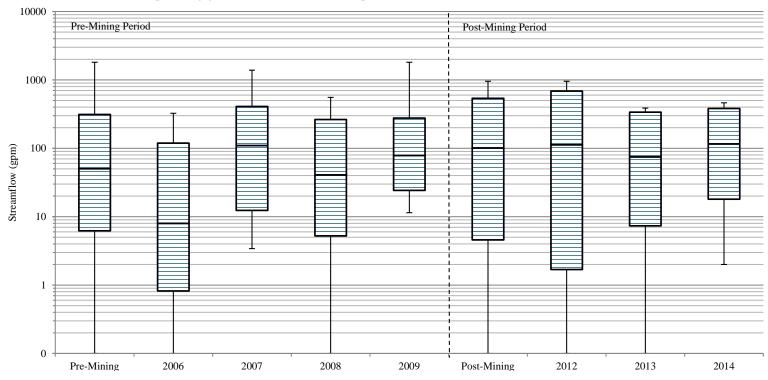






# STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF DISCHARGE

- Developed Hydrologic Recovery Criteria
  - Descriptive statistics determine measures of central tendency and variance
  - Summary statistics can be viewed with exploratory data analysis tools
  - Visual representation of baseflow conditions
  - Confirmed through hypothesis testing



## FLOW LOSS MONITORING

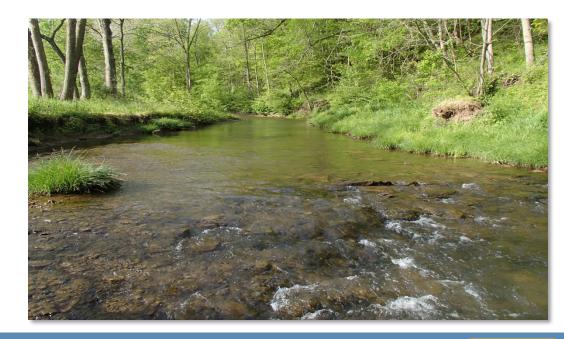
- **▶** Flow Loss Monitoring
  - Flow loss defined as the absence of water on streambed surface
  - Extent mapped from field observation
  - Quantified as a percent of total monitored length



# **POST-MINING STREAM RECOVERY (BIOLOGICAL USE)**

- Stream Biological **Monitoring** 
  - Representative **Network of Stations**
  - Use Benthic Macroinvertebrates to Calculate IBI
  - Redundant Sampling

- Stream Classification
  - Use Benthic Macroinvertebrates to determine perennial extent
  - One pre- and one post-mining survey







#### HYDROLOGIC AND BIOLOGIC RECOVERY RESULTS

#### HYDROLOGIC

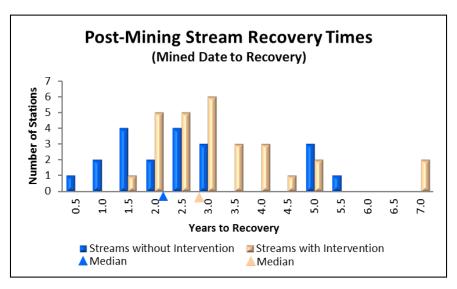
- Discharge Measurements = 91 94% of drainage area recovered
- Flow Loss Observations = 97% of length maintained

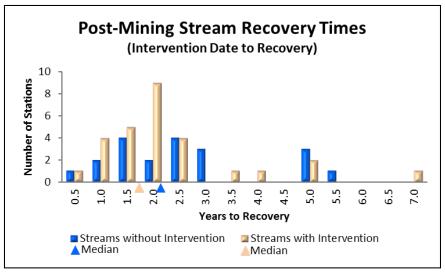
#### BIOLOGIC

- Stream Biological Monitoring = 96% recovered
- Stream Classification = 97% of length maintained

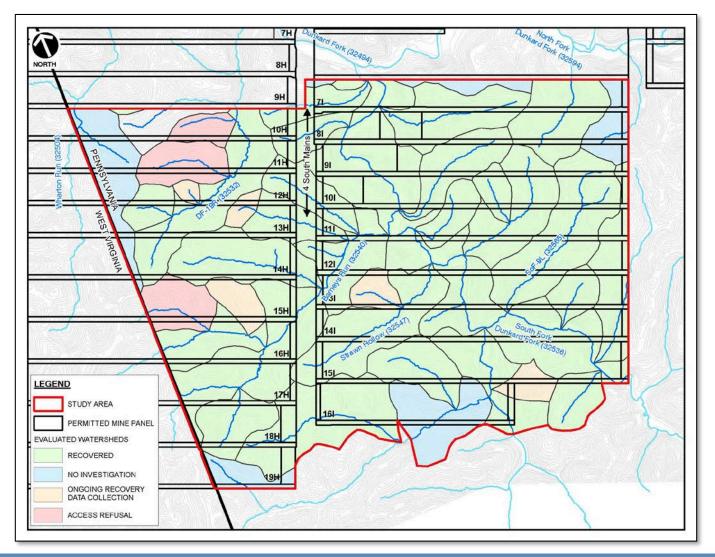
#### POST-MINING STREAM RECOVERY (BIOLOGICAL RECOVERY TIME)

- Of the 50 stations that showed biological recovery
  - 21 stations experienced no intervention
  - 29 stations experience intervention
  - Median recovery time of all stations was 2.5 years





# **POST-MINING RECOVERY STATUS**



# **SUMMARY**

INTERVENTION TECHNIQUES EFFECTIVE AT RESTORING FLOW AND BIOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

BIOLOGICAL RECOVERY TIME OF STREAMS WITH INTERVENTION EQUAL OR BETTER THAN STREAMS WITH NO INTERVENTION

MAINTAINED COMPLIANCE WITH PENNSYLVANIA REGULATIONS



# **QUESTIONS?**



Joshua M. Silvis CONSOL Energy, Inc. Canonsburg, PA JoshuaSilvis@consolenergy.com



Michael L. Shema
Civil & Environmental Consultants, Inc.
Pittsburgh, PA
mshema@cecinc.com

