

Metal Removal Units (MRUs, Wetlands in a Box) for AMD and Nutrient Cycling, C. Lennox



Natural Attenuation of AMD Generated Total Iron using Metal Reclamation Units (MRUs) in pH<5.5/3.2>.

Presented by Colin Lennox and Kyle Dammann CEO, Ecolslands LLC Naturally Attenuating Bioreactors

Patented, Patents Pending - All Rights Reserved - © Ecolslands LLC 2016

Squatter Falls, In Association with the Altoona Water Authority Pilot Study, November 2015 - 16







Chemo-autotroph (ex. A. ferrooxidans, archaea, bacteria, and a few fungi) Dissolved/Reduced Fe2 as electron donor/energy source), carbon dioxide as

C source

Additional Iron depositional growth occurred in the corners of the prototypes, limiting short circuiting, but only after the center of the treatment mass has filled in and sent flow to the corners.



Copyright 2016 EcolslandsLLC - Patents Pending System

- Fe2 removal, Influent late fall/winter 5.3/3.8 pH at MRU influent in the near absence of Alkalinity (lab <20 mg/I). MRU Out fall/winter 3.8/3.5pH
- Total Fe removal average = 2.5kg/day/(2) MRu Mk2's (summer data) Copyright 2016 EcolslandsLLC - Patents Pending System

Chemo Heterotrophic, requiring an organic form of Carbon





Pilot Study, Fe2 (mg/L)4gpm average, 900 gallon volume, 3.75 hour residence, pH in avg of 4, pH out avg of 3.5





- (2) Mk1.5 MRUs
- Pilot study, disassembled in background
- Overflows shown to demonstrate internal overflow controls when a treatment chamber reaches saturation.

Study 2 5/26/16-9/13/16

Copyright 2016 EcolslandsLLC - Patent Pending System

Study 2, Fe2(mg/L) removal through biotic and abiotic means. (2) Metal Reclamation Units Mk1.5 in series.





Specimen #1 [00-047-1775] Schwertmannite • Fe16O16(SO4)3(OH)10 • 10H2O Schwertmannite 100 75-Intensity (Counts) 50 25 0 5.0 20 25 30 35 15 10 Two-Theta (deg)

[00-047-1775] Schwertmannite • Fe16O16(SO4)3(OH)10 • 10H2O Specimen #2 Schwertmannite 30-0_____ Two-Theta (deg)

Intensity (Counts)







Early Prototype MRUS at Flight 93 Nat. Memorial and Glasgow 2013

Patents Pending - All Rights Reserved - © Ecolslands LLC 2016



Figure E, Flight 93 Memorial, 2013 Total Iron Removal Comparisons, app 530 Gallon Total Volume, Residence Time of 176 minutes (3gpm) to 44 Minutes (12gpm).



Patents Pending - All Rights Reserved - © Ecolslands LLC 2016

Total Iron mg/L

Figure F, Flight 93 Memorial, Manganese Removal, 530 Gallon app Total Volume, Residence Time of 176 Minutes (3gpm) down to 44 Minutes (12gpm).



Patents Pending - All Rights Reserved - © Ecolslands LLC 2016

Mn mg/L

Glasgow Early Prototype MRUs 2012-13

atents Pending - All Rights Reserved - © Ecolslands LLC 2016

Figure I, Glasgow, 2013, Total Iron Comps, 5.8 gpm app, 1365 gal volume, 235 Minutes ResidenceNote: SWR 1 is saturated with material, removing it from treatment. Rates of removal derived from new total vol, 1190gal. New Res = 205 Min.



Patents Pending - All Rights Reserved - © Ecolslands LLC 2016

Total Fe mg/L Figure J, Glasgow, 2013, Mn Comps, 5.8 gpm app, 1365 gal volume, 235 Minutes ResidenceNote: SWR 1 is saturated with material, removing it from treatment. Rates of removal derived from new total vol, 1190gal. New Res = 205 Min.

Mn mg/L



Patents Pending - All Rights Reserved - © Ecolslands LLC 2016

"{(5 gal/min) * (23 mg Mn/L)]/24 ft^2) * (1/1000) (g/mg) * 3.78 (L/gal) * 1440 (min/day) * 10.76 (ft^2/m^2) = **281 (g Mn/d*m^2).**

We examined 8 conventional limestone-based Mn removal beds and calculated GDM values of ~2 – 10 (g Mn/d*m^2) (see Santelli et al. 2010). Your unit is 28 – 140 times better than any of those!" (W. Burgos, 2014, personal correspondence concerning Glasgow calculations.)



Patents Pending - All Rights Reserved - © Ecolslands LLC 2016

Patents Pending - All Rights Reserved - © Ecolslands LLC 2016



Manganese Dioxide, identified as rancieite mixed with diatoms, SEM. (Ling. F. 2014. Glasgow Site.)

Coir and Mn Oxide particles

(Ling, F. 2014.Glasgow Site.)



Burgess, Sherpa Mining, Mk3.18 and (2) Mk3.075's in series, Nov 2016





Mini MRU, 1/4 Scale, as aquaponics mesocosm









DARPA Grant, SB 163-02

- Genetic or Genomic Solutions to Insect Production for primary or secondary human consumption.
- Ecological solutions, not genetic
- MRUs are excellent aquaculture tanks. Surface Area, Gas Exchange, Selectable Reduction or Oxidation
- Self select for nitrifiers to fix NH4 to NO3.
- Additional diverse primary producers for trophic fixation.



Bibliography

- Burgos, W. et al. Schwertmannite and Fe form oxides formed by biologicl low-pH Fe (II) oxidation versus abiotic neutrlizatiion: Impact on trace metal sequestration. Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta. (2011).
- Hansel, C., Zeiner, C., Santelli, C., Webb, S., (March 2012). MN(II) oxidation by an ascomycete fungus is linked to superoxide production during aseual reproduction. PNAS.
- Hedin R., Nairn R., (1993) Contaminant removal capabilities of wetlands constructed to treat coal mine drainage. In: *Constructed Wetlands for Water Quality Improvements*, Moshiri G.A. (ed.)
- Lennox, C. (2013). Iron and Manganese Reclamation using BioHaven® Wetland Reactors, Results from 2012. Pennsylvania's Abandoned Mine Reclamation Conference, 2013.
- Ling, F. (2015). email correspondence concerning MnO2 samples taken which will be included in doctoral dissertation.
- Santelli, C., Webb, S., Dohnalkova, A., & Hansel, C. (2011). Diversity of Mn oxides produced by Mn(II)-oxidizing fungi. Geochimica Et Cosmochimica Acta, 2762-2776.
- Santelli, C., Pfister, D., Lazarus, D., Sun, L., Burgos, W., & Hansel, C. (2010). Promotion of Mn(II) Oxidation and Remediation of Coal Mine Drainage in Passive Treatment Systems by Diverse Fungal and Bacterial Communities. Applied and Environmental Microbiology,4871-4875.
- <u>Treatment Wetlands</u>, 2nd Edition, Kadlec and Wallace, pg 434-38. 2009.