

Zero Slump Grout for Remote Closure of Mine Openings

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OVERVIEW

- Case study of closure technique
 - Low slump grout
 - Remote closure procedure
- Application to
 - Mine closures
 - Subsidence prevention







PROJECT BACKGROUND

- Overland conveyor
 - Heavy steel truss supports
 - Concrete foundations
- Karst features discovered
 - Shale/limestone contact







SITE SURVEY

- Extensive network
- Mapping required

















PROBLEM STATEMENT

- Extensive karst network
- Additional loading
- Weathering of shale
- Structural analysis required





ANALYSIS

- Rocscience Examine2D
 - 2D stress analysis
 - Simplified uniform
- 11 cross sections
 - 6 longitudinally
 - 4 perpendicular
 - Centerline of primary cave







ANALYSIS

- Material properties
 - Drilling campaign
 - Grassy Creek
 - 4,679 psi UCS
 - Maguoketa Shale
 - 4,210 psi UCS
 - Generalized Hoek-Brown
 - 4,000 psi
 - Poisson ratio 0.19
- Additional loading
 - Pier tower load
 - 105,000 lb
 - 218.75 psi







ANALYSIS RESULTS





CLOSURE PROCEDURE

- Karst network monitored
 - Formation of cracks
 - Longitudinal within shale
 - Weathering induced
 - Superficial in nature
- Closure plan
 - Low slump grout dam
 - Flowable concrete backfill







GROUT PROPERTIES

- 4.5 bag mix
- 2,500 psi compressive strength
- 2 inch max slump
- Superplasticizer
 - 2 gallons modified in field
 - Resulted in minus 2 inch slump





CLOSURE PROCEDURE

- Grout pumped a distance of 30 ft. from highwall
- Low slump pressure bulb
- Flowable fill to full height









CLOSURE PROCEDURE

• Minimal clearance between backfill and roof











SUMMARY

- Mine Closure and Subsidence Prevention
 - Low slump grout pressure bulb
 - Flowable high strength backfill
 - Minimize voids between fill and crown
 - Provide structural support
 - Ability to pump distances
 - Minimize risk to personnel





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