

# Long-Term Studies Identify Avenues for Improving Revegetation Efforts

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# Two Studies

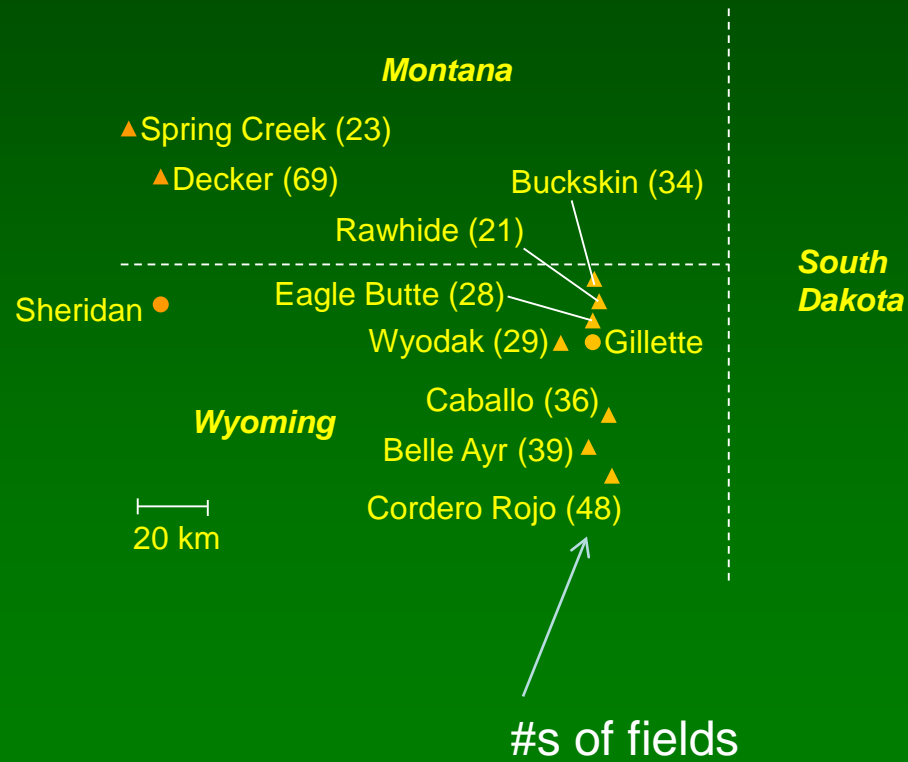
Office of Surface Mining (OSM)-funded study focused on constraining annual weeds, preventing crested wheatgrass invasion and increasing shrubs (i.e. winterfat, four-wing saltbrush, big sage, fringed sage) on surface-mined lands of the Great Plains. Shrubs are the most difficult plant group to establish on these lands.

*Journal of Applied Ecology.* (Accepted).

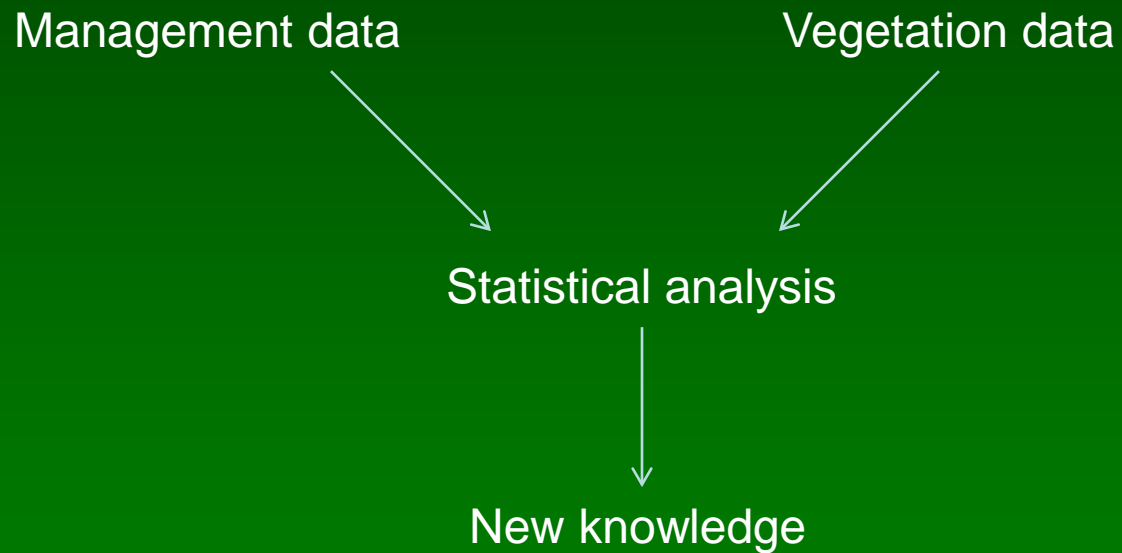
Montana Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ)-funded study investigating factors regulating shrub abundances.

*Ecological Applications.* 2015. 25:1044-1053.

# Sites



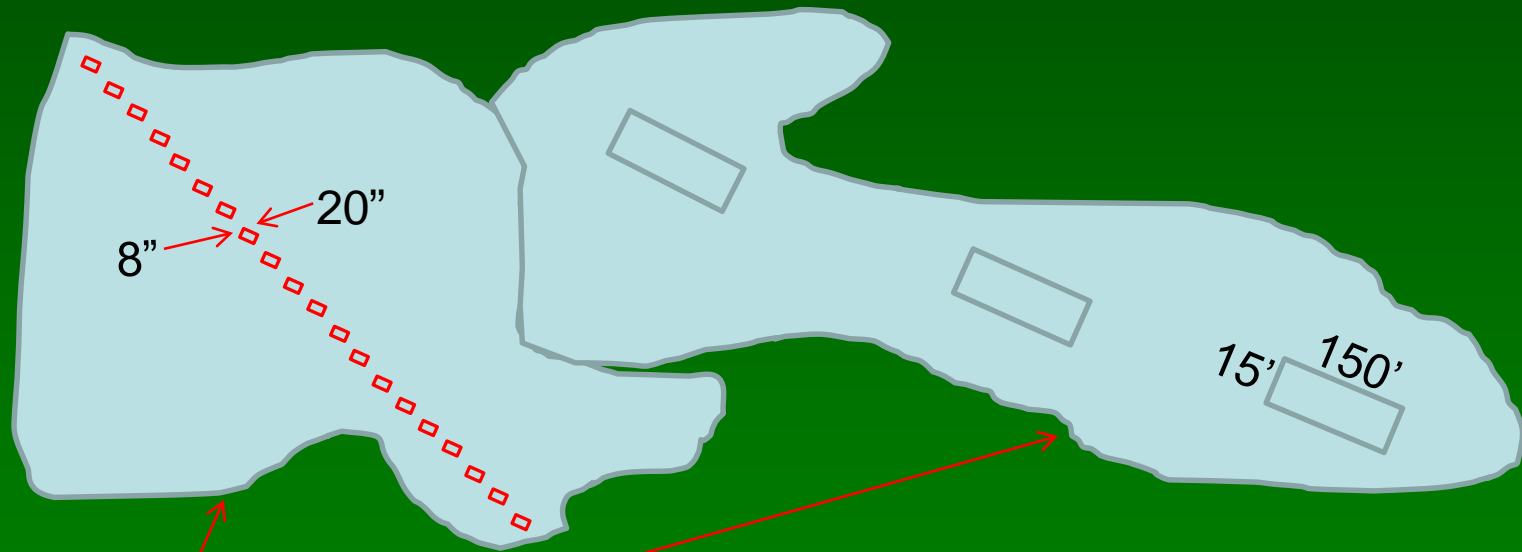
# Approach



# Sampling Designs

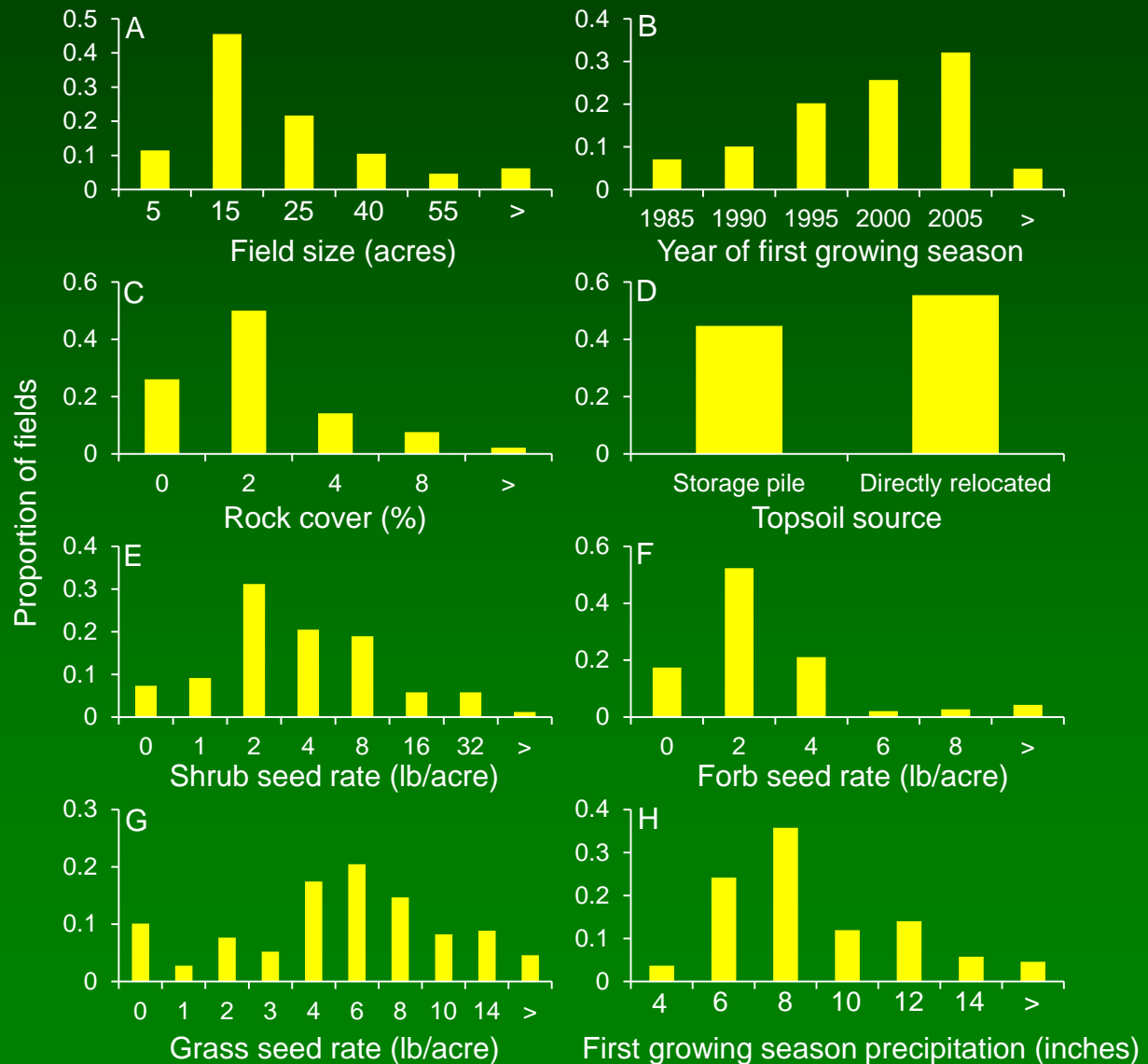
OSM project: 327 fields

DEQ project: 169 fields



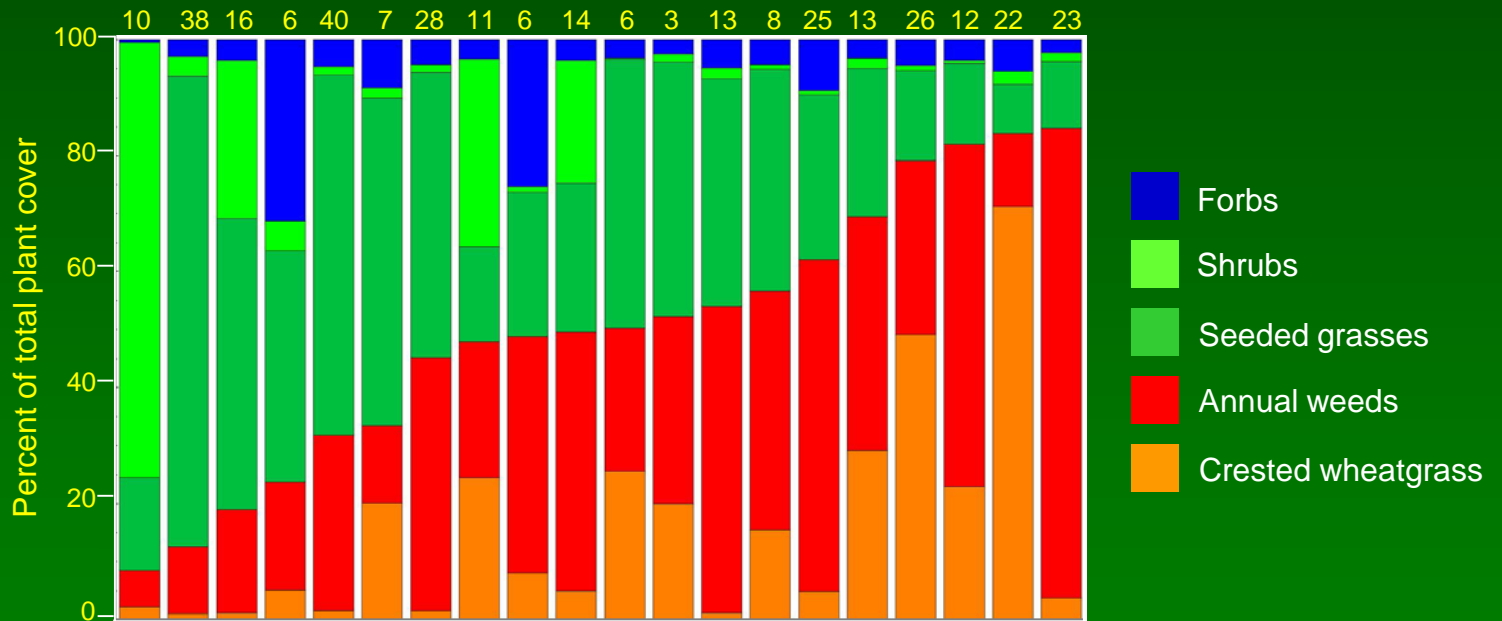
"Field" or area seeded and otherwise treated over a short period of time

# Reclamation Variables



- Western wheatgrass
- Thickspike wheatgrass
- Slender wheatgrass
- Green needlegrass
- Non-native grasses (15% of fields)

# Plant Cover



# Annual Weeds: Cheatgrass, Japanese brome, Mustards, Etc.

Grass seed rate (>0.0 to 3.5 lb/acre)

Grass seed rate (>3.5 to 7.0 lb/acre)

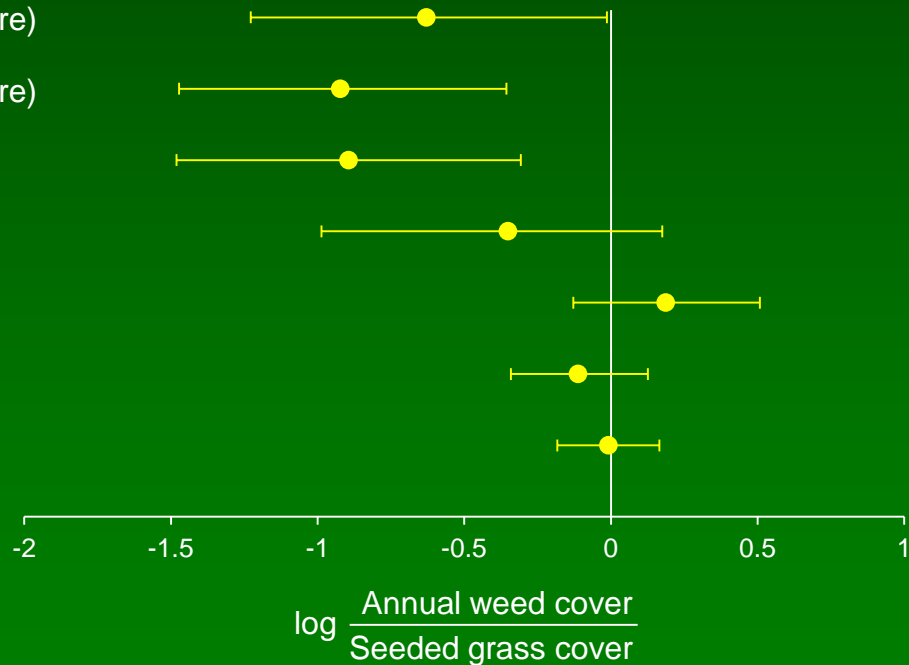
Grass seed rate (>7.0 lb/acre)

Establishment year

Direct relocation of topsoil

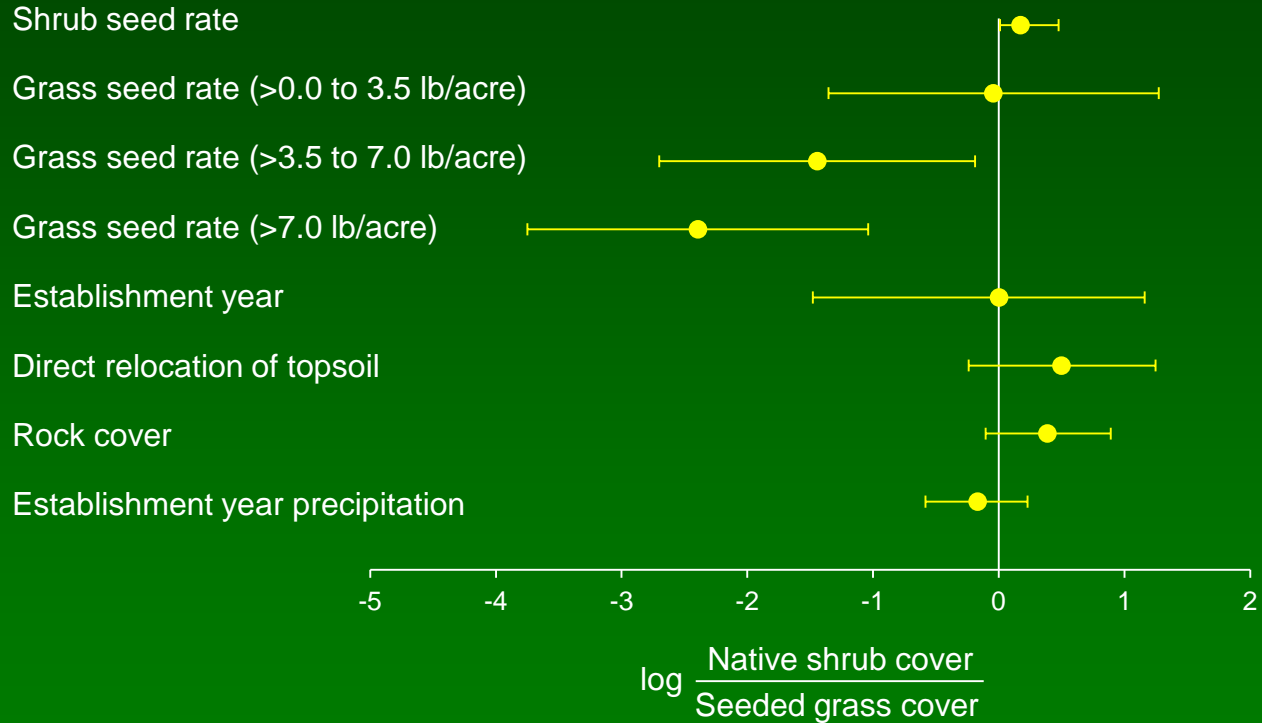
Rock cover

Establishment year precipitation





# Shrubs

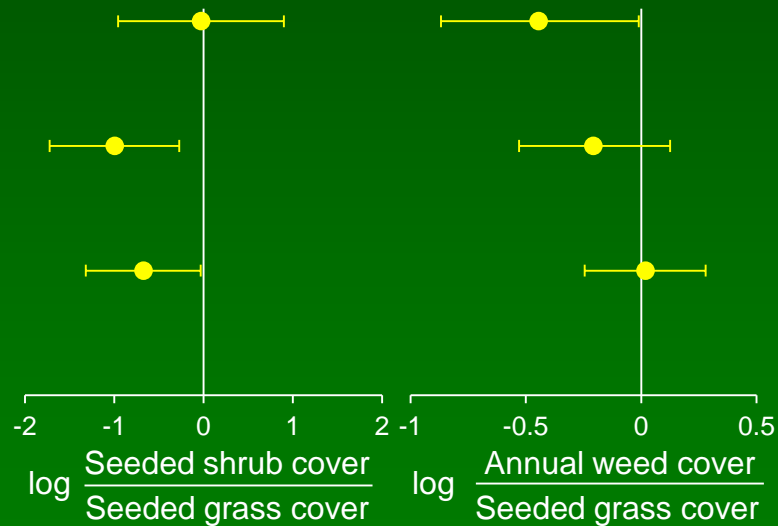


# Effects of Grass Seed Rates on Plant Cover

Difference between 0.0 and low (>0.0 to 3.5 lb/acre)

Difference between low and medium (>3.5 to 7.0 lb/acre)

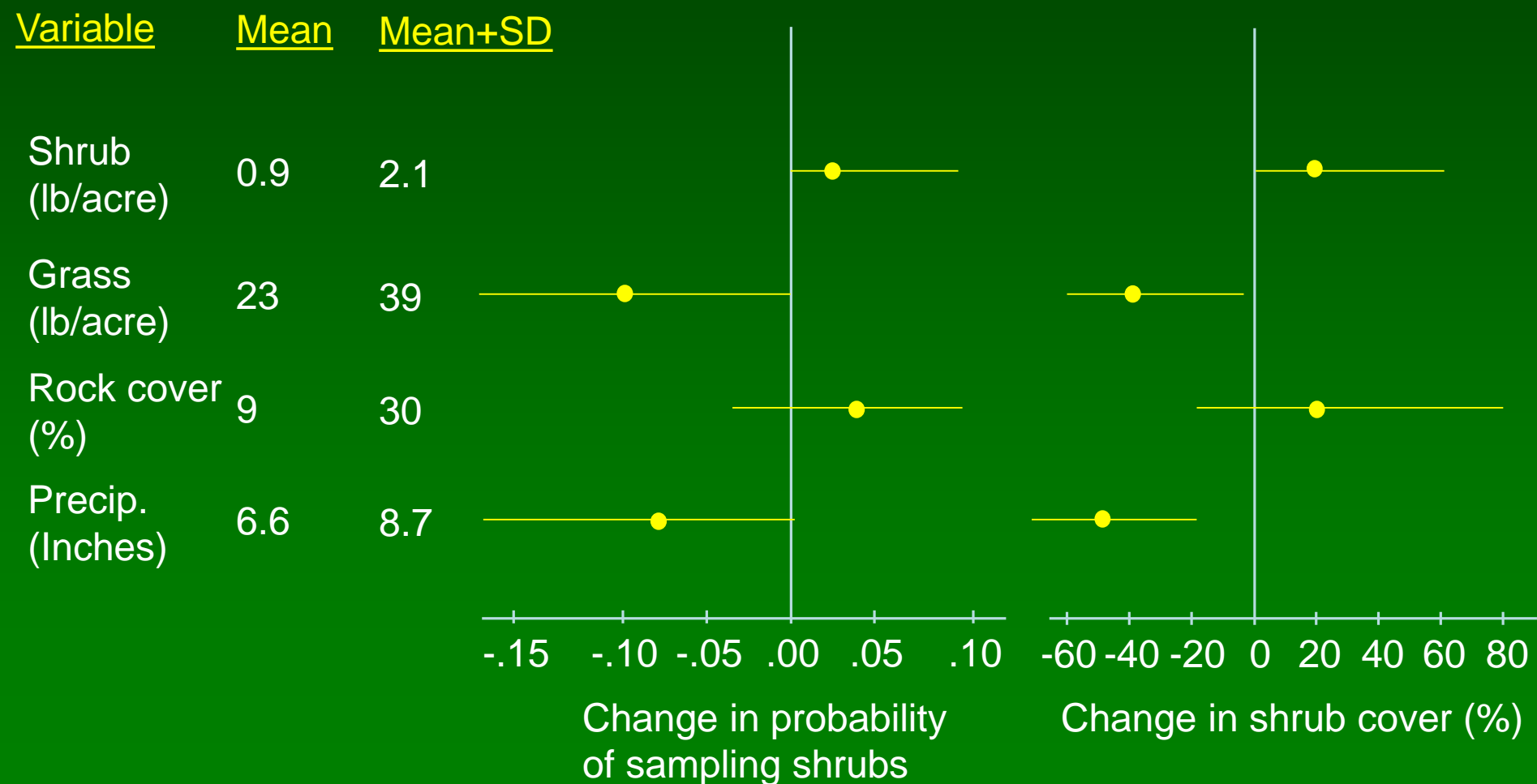
Difference between medium and high (>7.0 lb/acre)



# Effects of Grass Seed Rates on Plant Cover

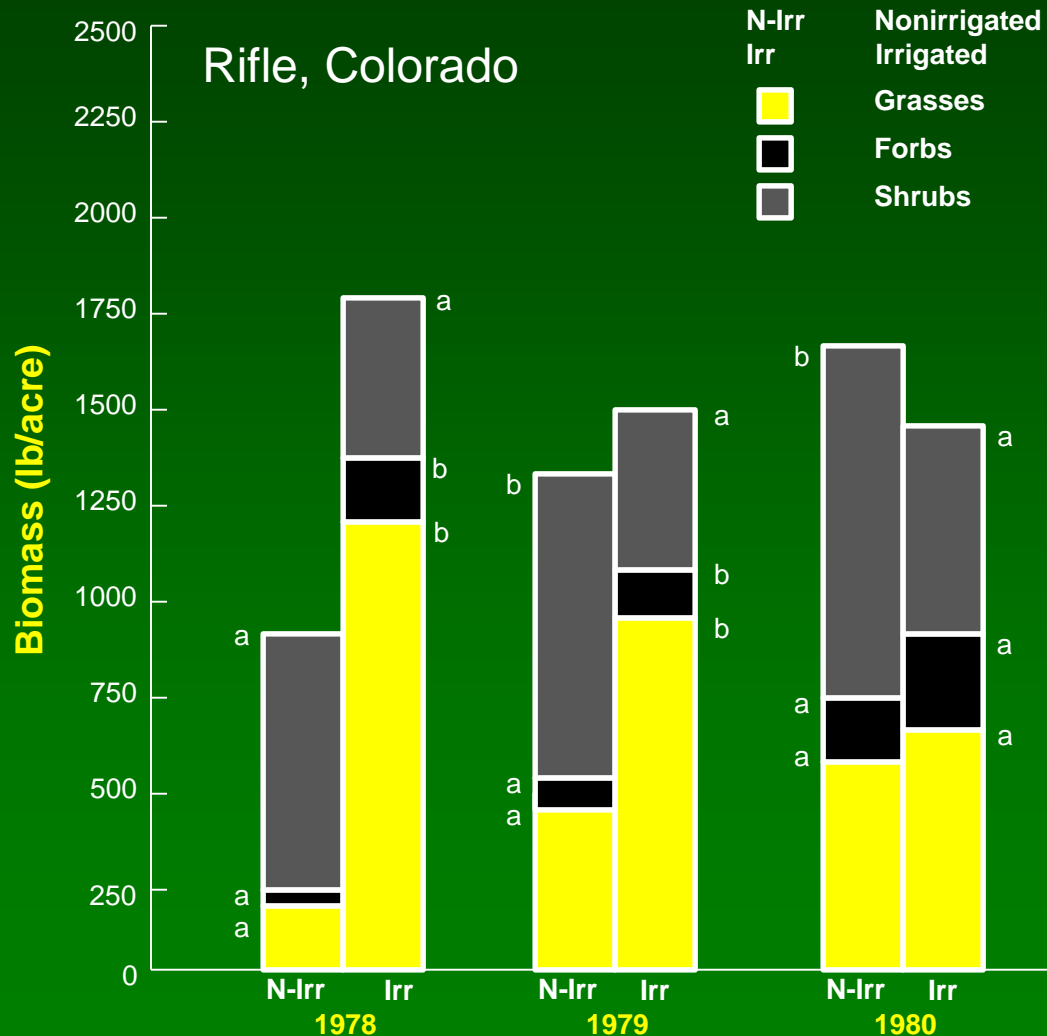
Grass seed rate	<u>Seeded shrubs</u> Seeded grasses	<u>Annual weeds</u> Seeded grasses
0.0 lb/acre	0.10(0.02, 0.53)	2.8(1.1,6.7)
<0.0 to 3.5 lb/acre	0.10(0.03, 0.41)	1.5(0.7,3.3)
>3.5 to 7.0 lb/acre	0.02(0.007, 0.09)	1.1(0.5,2.4)
>7.0 lb/acre	0.009(0.002,0.04)	1.1(0.5,2.4)

# Shrubs-DEQ Study



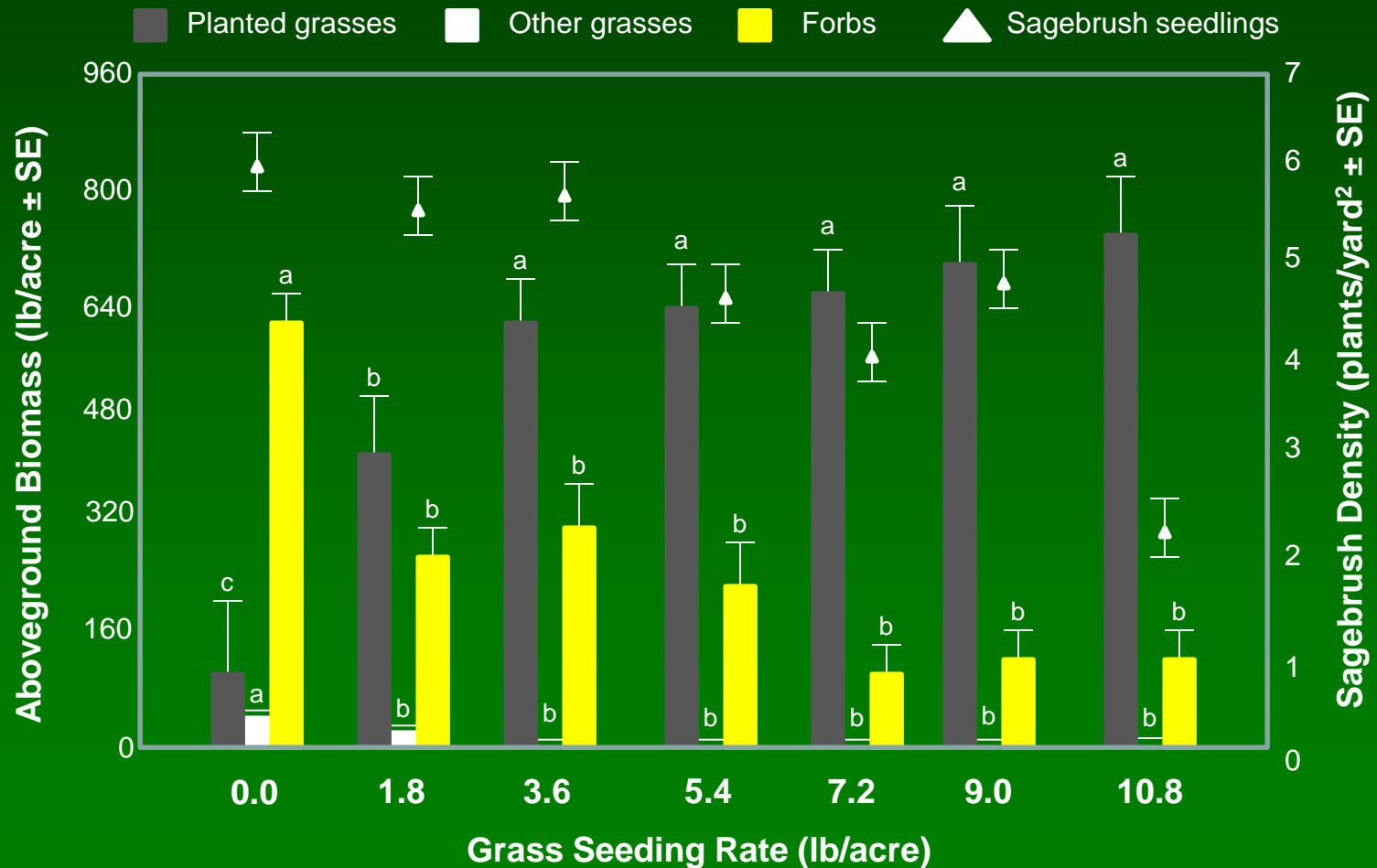
# Why the Negative Precipitation Effect?

# Why Negative Precip. Effect?



# Grass Competition

Belle Ayr Coal Mine. 2<sup>nd</sup> growing season after seeding.



# Grass Competition

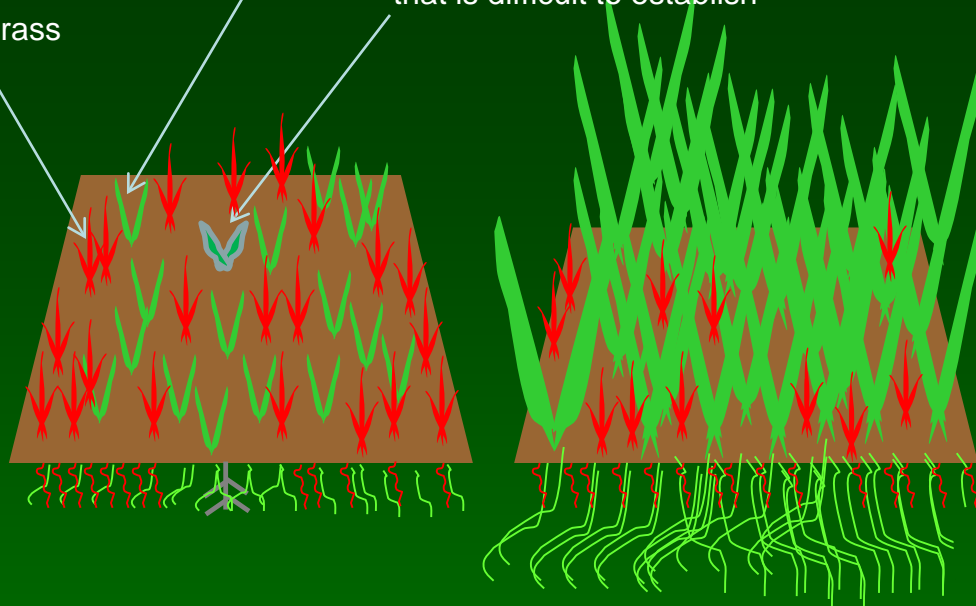
Belle Ayr Coal Mine. 6<sup>th</sup> growing season after seeding.





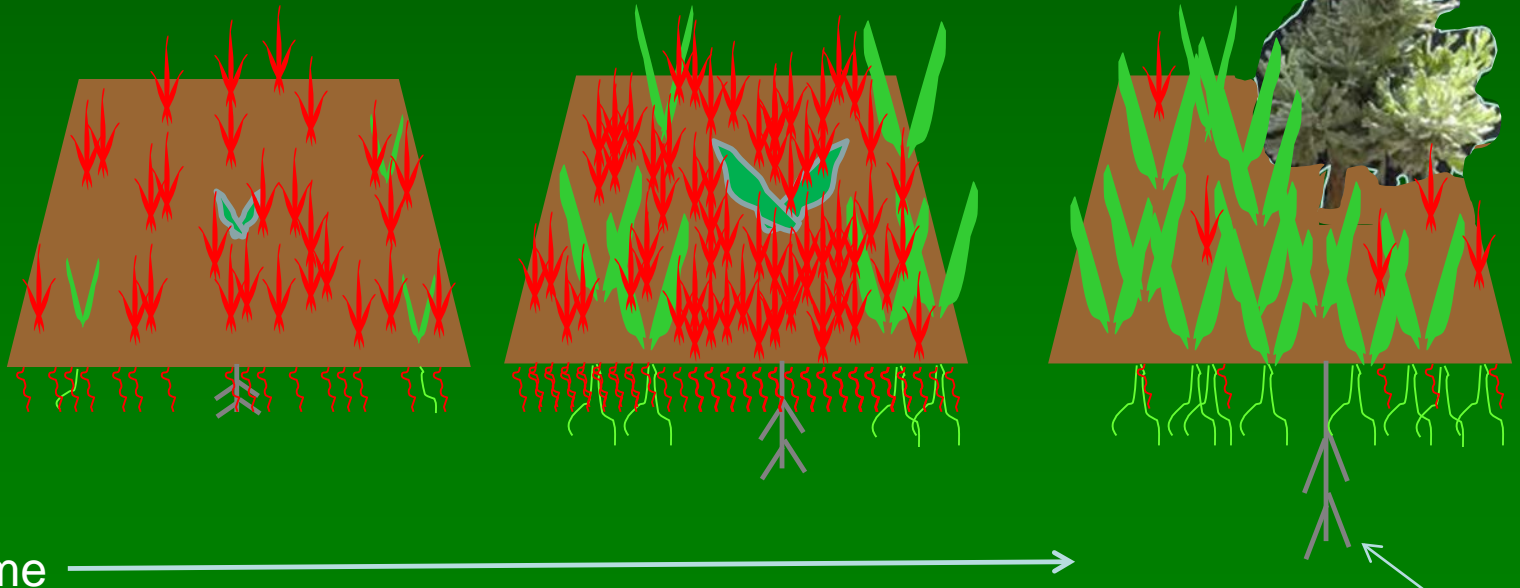
Fast-growing seeded grass  
Cheatgrass  
Shrub, warm season grass  
or other slow growing species  
that is difficult to establish

High grass  
seed rate:



Species diversity  
Reduces weeds

Low grass  
seed rate:

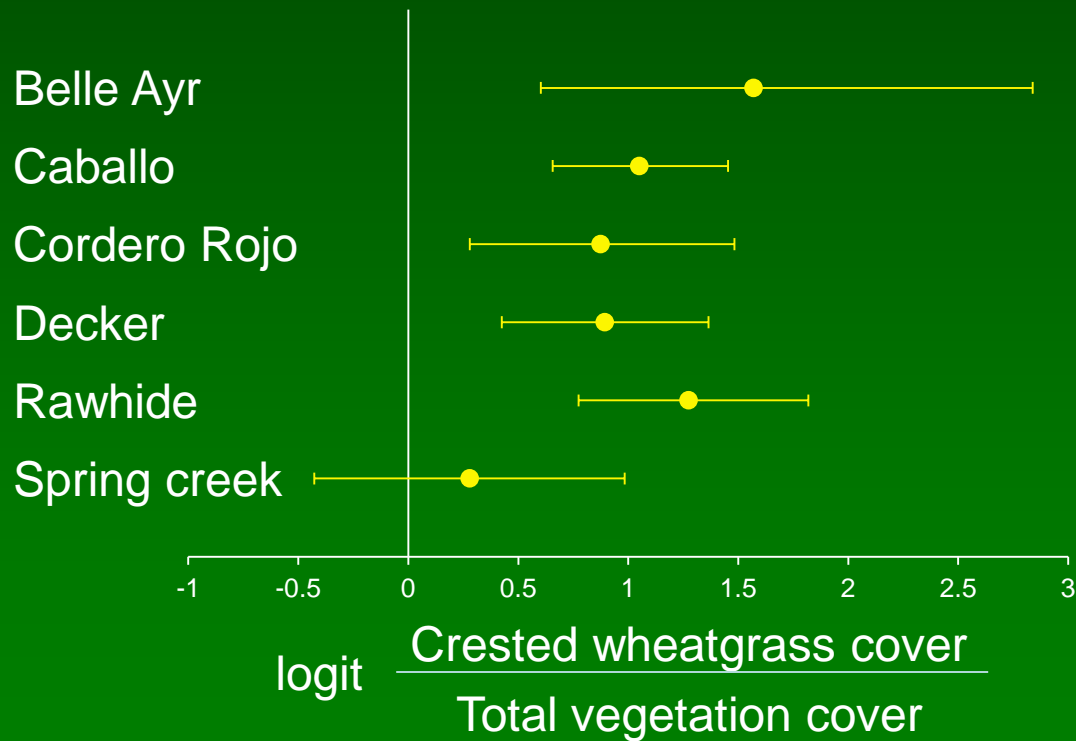


Time →

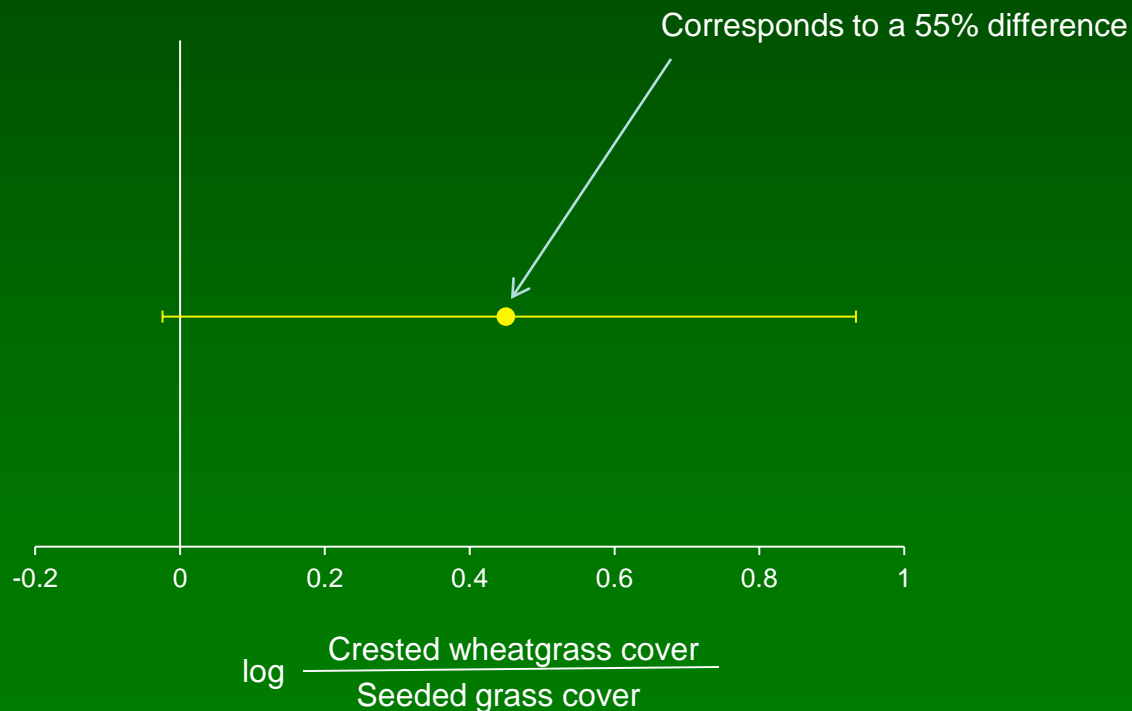
Niche partitioning  
promotes coexistence

# Crested Wheatgrass Time Trends

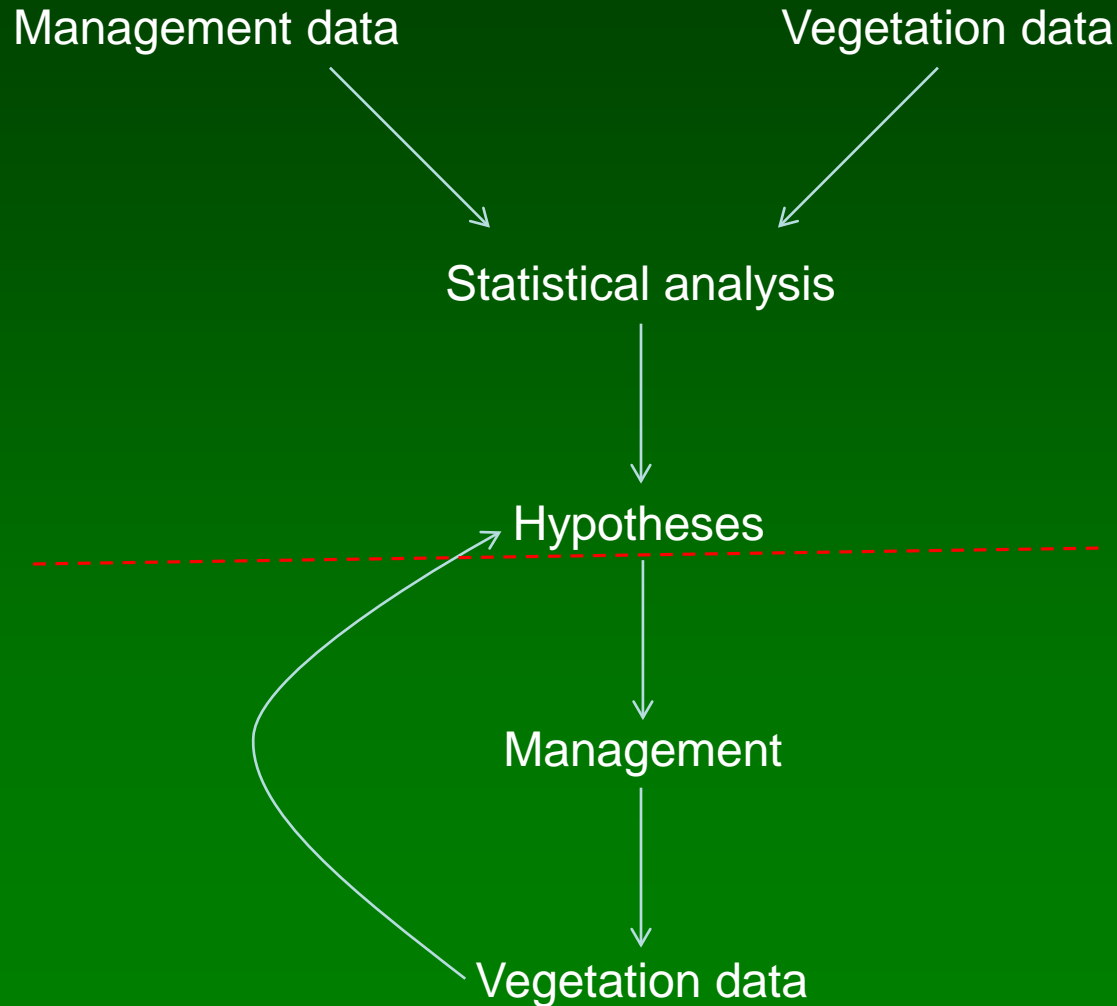
Not all fields had crested wheatgrass



# Direct Haul Effect on Crested Wheatgrass



# Adaptive Management



# Adaptive Management

Project evaluating aggressive grass seed rates well below rates commonly used (i.e. 0.2, 0.4, 1.0, 2.0 lb acre<sup>-1</sup>)

Project spatially segregating difficult-to-establish shrubs from aggressive grasses

# Final Thoughts

I believe this research has relevance outside our Great Plains study system

If you see any potential for applying the research and have questions, please look me up today or feel free to contact me:

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406-874-8232