## White-Nose Syndrome: Current Status of the Disease and the Collaborative Response

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> US Fish and Wildlife Service ASMR & ARRI Meeting June 10, 2015



## **Overview of WNS**

- A fungal disease of hibernating bats that continues to spread through North America
  - 26 states and 5 provinces confirmed
  - Evidence of causative fungus found in 2 additional states



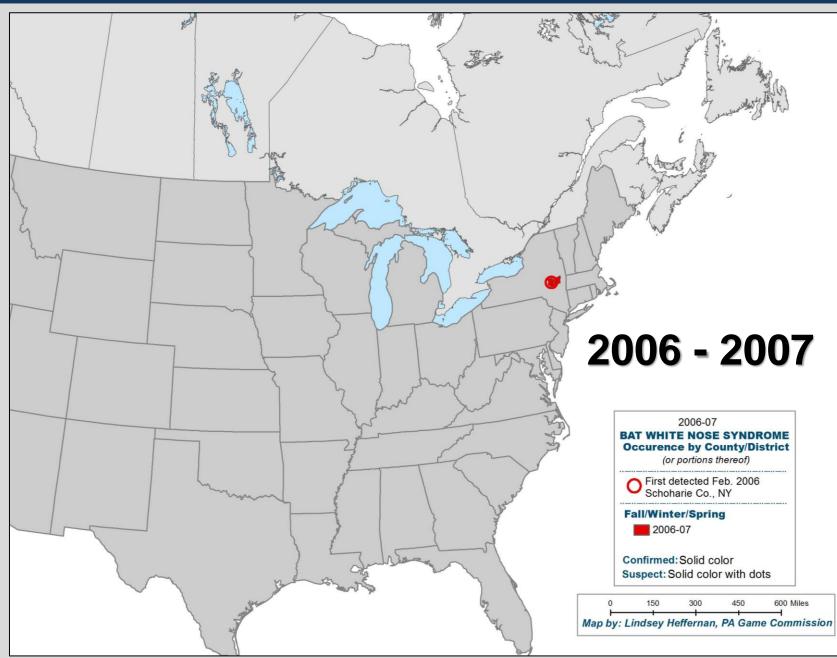
#### Disease caused by fungus Pseudogymnoascus destructans (Pd)

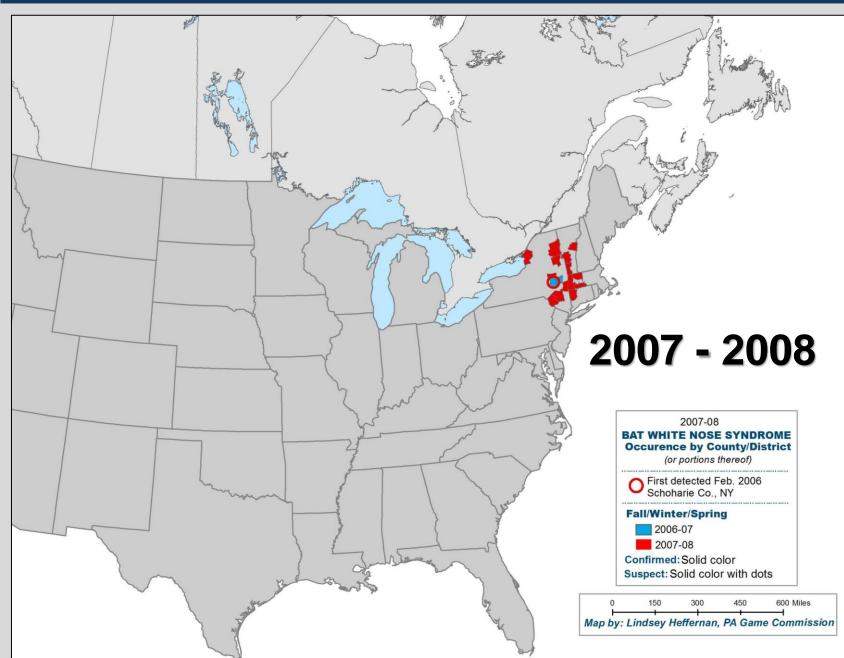
- Grows at cold temperatures
- Invasive pathogen, likely of foreign origin
- Mortality exceeds 90% for many sites and species
- Research continues to drive response

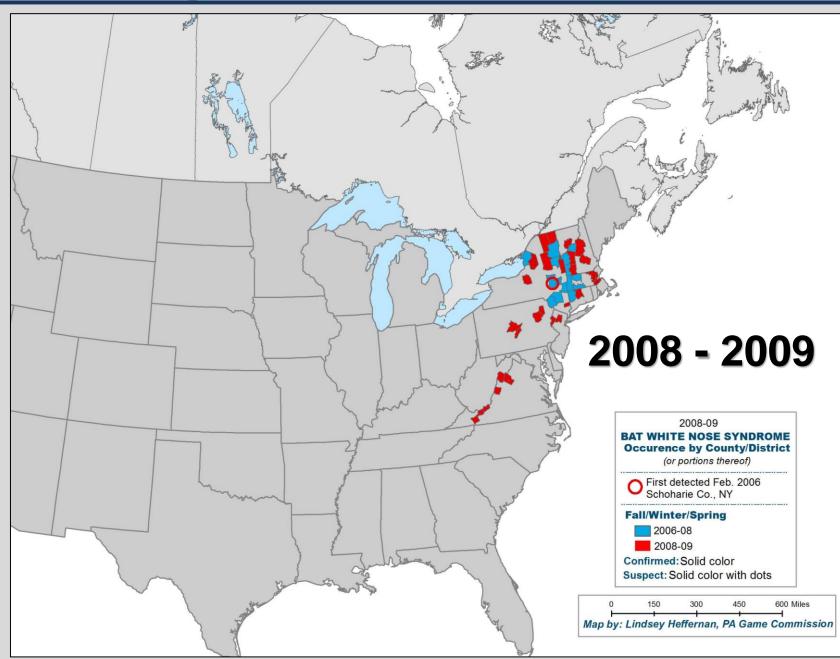
#### Management:

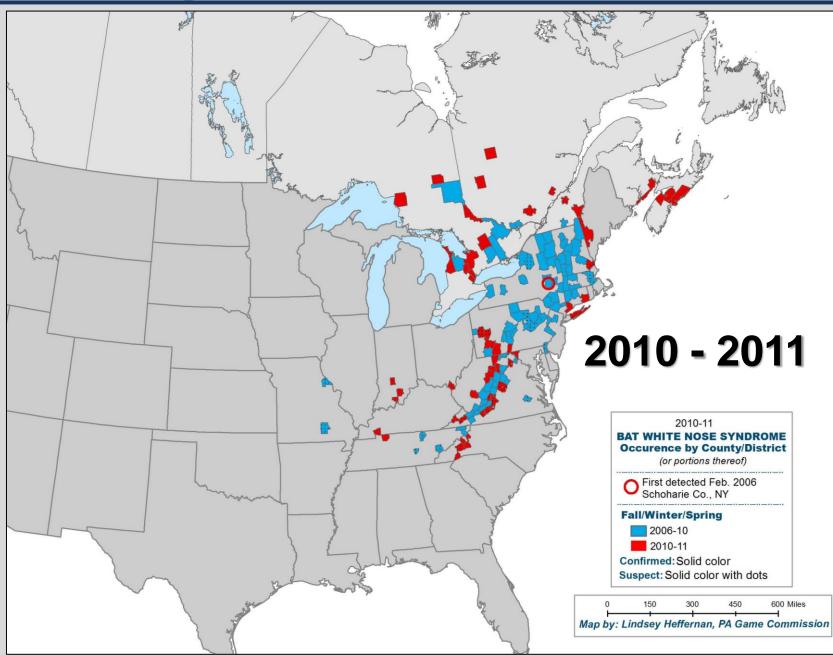
- Actions focused on containment and conservation
- Multiple treatment options under investigation

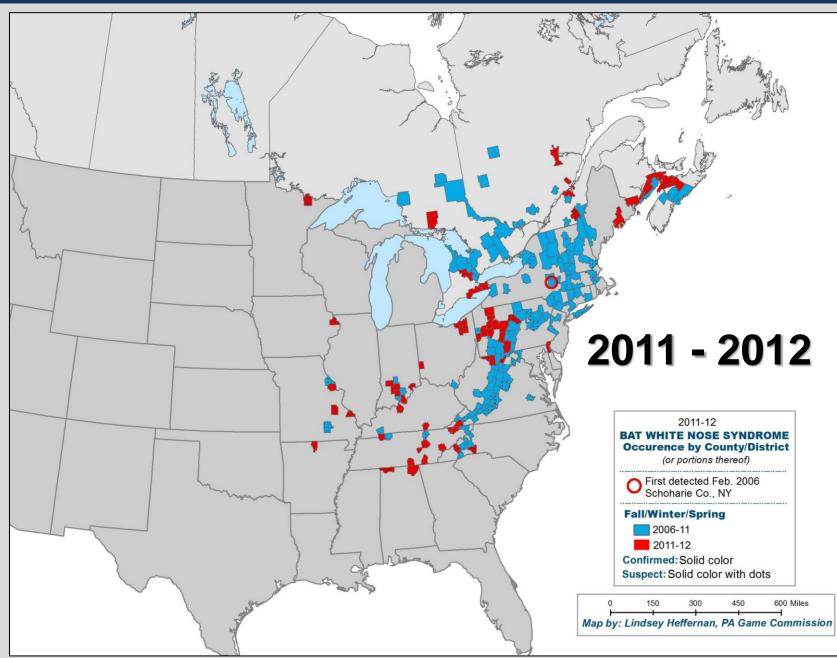


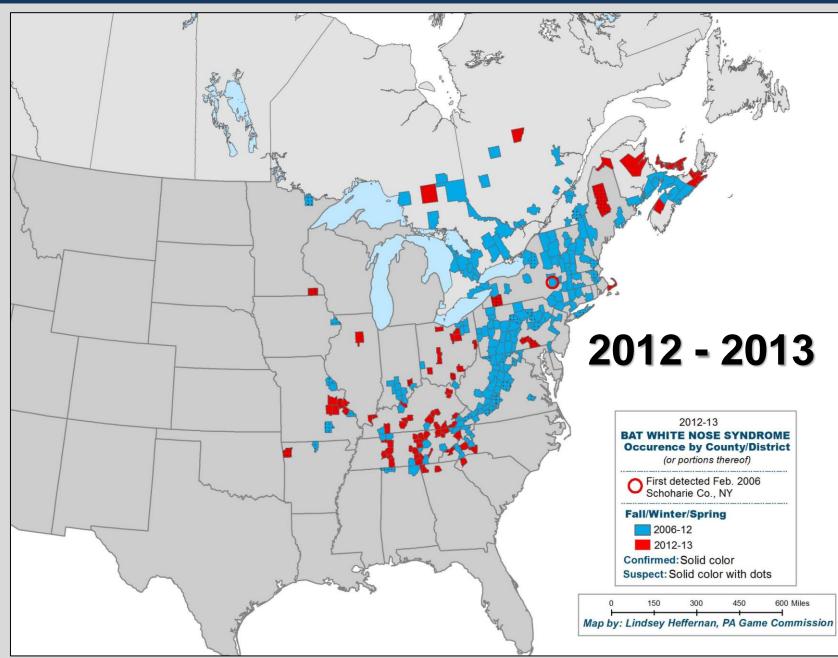


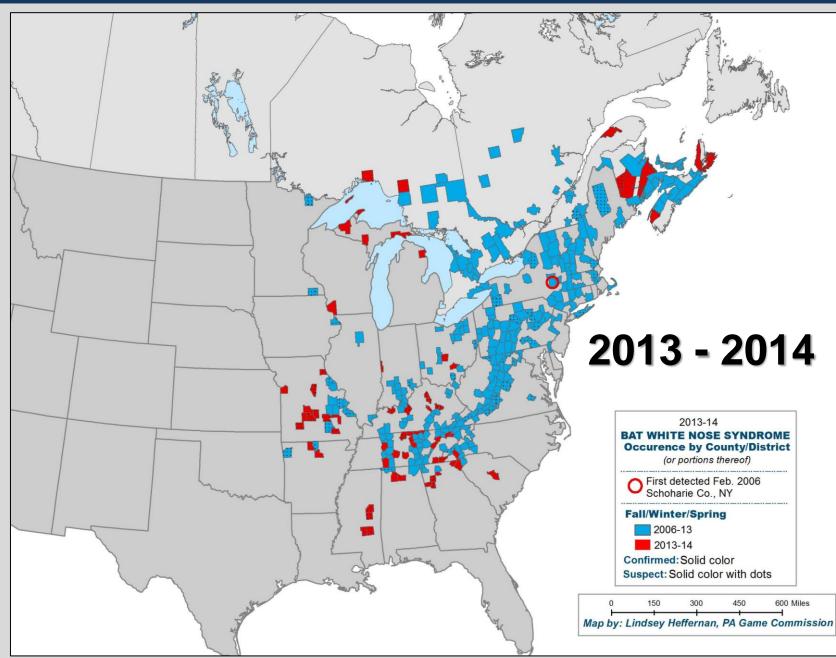


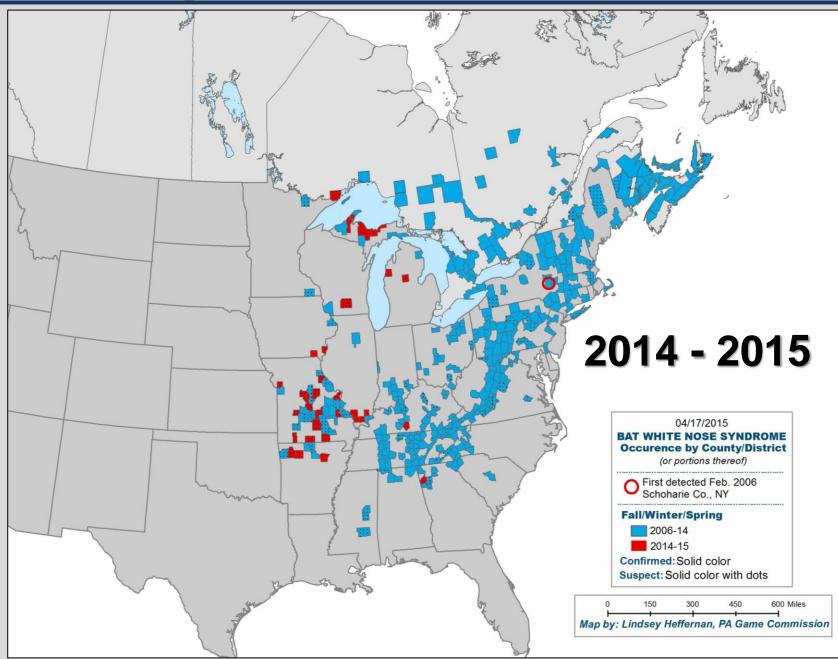












## Seven Species Confirmed with WNS

#### (In North America)



Little brown bat (Myotis lucifugus)



Northern long-eared bat\*

MYSE



**Tri-colored bat** 

PESU



Indiana bat \* (*Myotis sodalis*) ∭YSO



Eastern small-footed bat (Myotis leibii) ) 기기도



(Myotis septentrionalis) (Perimyotis subflavus)

Big brown bat (*Eptesicus fuscus*) EPFU



Gray bat \* (Myotis grisescens) ∭YGR



Photos: Merlin Tuttle, Bat Conservation International

### Additional species on which Pd has been detected

(In North America)

- Southeastern bat (Myotis austroriparius)
- Virginia big-eared bat\* (Corynorhinus townsendii virginianus)
- Rafinesque's big-eared bat (Corynorhinus rafinesquii)
- Silver-haired bat (Lasionycteris noctivagans)
- Eastern red bat (Lasiurus borealis)

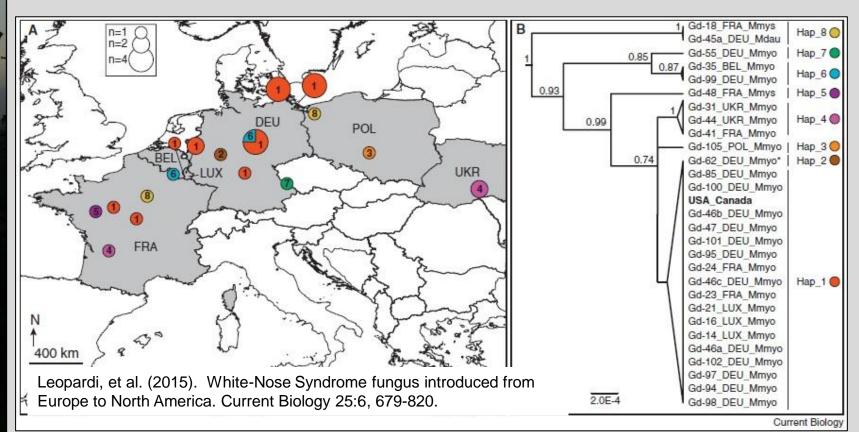


## WNS in Europe

- 13 species confirmed with Pd
- No mass mortality documented
- Long-term presence
- Considerable genetic variation



North American Pd may have originated in western Europe



### **Bat Populations in**

### NY, PA, VT, VA, WV

from 42	hibernacula w/ 2+ yrs of mortality/WNS
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	Total change
	U U
	2011
Species	(Turner et al.)
Little brown	-91%
	5170
Northern	-98%
Tricolored	-75%
Indiana	-72%
Small-footed	-12%
Big brown	-41%
Total	-88%



### **Bat Populations in**

### NY, PA, VT, VA, WV, CT, MA, MD, NC, NH, NJ, QC

### from 42/149 hibernacula w/ 2+ yrs of mortality/WNS

	Total change 2011	Sum	Sum	Total change
Species	(Turner et al.)	Pre-WNS	Post-WNS	2014
Little brown	-91%	600,595	76,968	-87%
Northern	-98%	4,412	196	-96%
Tricolored	-75%	16,826	4,224	-75%
Indiana	-72%	51,744	34,951	-32%
Small-footed	-12%	3,087	4,359**	+41%
Big brown	-41%	5,012	3,745	-25%
Total	-88%	681,677	124,442	-82%

\*\*increase of ~1,300 small-footed at a single site in NY



## **Bat Populations in the Midwest**

### from hibernacula w/ 3 yrs of mortality/WNS\*

	Ohio	Indiana
Species	(36,541 bats, 2 sites)	(100,766 bats, 15 sites)
Little brown	-97%	-80%
Tricolored	-98%	-45%
Northern	-90%	-60%
Indiana	-49%	-16%**
Big brown	-41%	+4%

#### Winter of 2013-2014, preliminary analyses

Data Courtesy: ODOW & IDNR, Jennifer Norris & Scott Johnson

\* Decline estimated from winter of first WNS confirmation to most recent population count in sites with <u>></u>3 years of WNS

\*\* Biennial population census of larger caves not conducted in winter 2013 – 2014.



# A Glimmer of Hope?

#### Little brown recaptures in MA, NH, and VT

Number of	Su	Summer in which the bat was last recovered				
winters survived	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	Total
1	34 (3)	-	-	21 (2)	7(1)	62 (6)
2	-	-	9* (2)	-	6 (2)	15 (4)
3	-	-	3** (3)	13 (1)	-	16 (4)
4	2	-	-	14 (1)	-	16(1)
5	-	-	-	-	2	2
6	-	-	-	2	-	2

\*Includes 1 adult male recaptured in Framingham, MA, on 12 July 2011. \*\*Includes 1 adult male recaptured in Milford, NH, on 17 July 2012.

		Nu	mber of wir	nters survive	d		
Condition	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
Pregnant	15 (2)	3 (3)	1(1)	2	1	-	22 (6)
Lactating	9 (2)	1	5	5	1	-	21 (2)
Postlactating	3	-	2	7 (1)	-	2	14 (1)

Reichard, J., et al. 2014. Northeastern Naturalist Notes: Interannual Survival of Myotis Iucifugus (Chiroptera: Vespertilionidae)n near the Epicenter of White-Nose Syndrome. Northeastern Naturalist, Issue 21/4.



## New Research

#### Dynamics of fungal infection and transmission

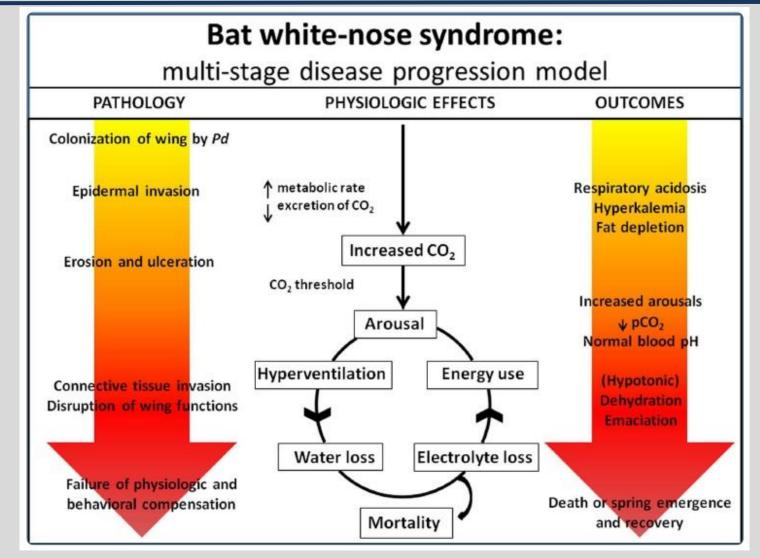
- 6 bat species, 30 sites
- Peak transmission in the fall
- Peak fungal loads at end winter
- Infection cleared in the summer



 Management Implications – best time to apply a treatment is in early winter, when transmission rates are the highest

Langwig, K. et al. 2014. Host and pathogen ecology drive the seasonal dynamics of a fungal disease, white-nose syndrome. Proceedings of the Royal Society B. DOI: 10.1098/rspb.2014.2335

## New Research



Verant, M., et al. 2014. WNS initiates a cascade of physiologic disturbances in the hibernating bat host. BMC Physiology 14:10.

## **Treatments and Other Conservation Measures**

#### Treatment and preventions under investigation:

- Probiotics
- Microbial derived compounds
- Mycovirus
- Vaccine development
- Other fungicides...





### WNS Treatment Strategy Workshop – 2015

#### **Other Conservation Measures:**

- Cave advisory & Decontamination guidance
- Guidance Documents
  - NWCO, Rehab, Forest Management, & Bats and Bridges guidance documents
  - Captive management recommendations
- NABat report & implementation baseline in non-WNS areas, trends over time in WNS areas

## Managing WNS: A Tale of Two Plans

### **US National Plan**

<u>Purpose</u>: To guide the response of Federal, State, and Tribal agencies, and partners to WNS

### Canadian National Plan

<u>Purpose</u>: To organize Canada's response to WNS, in collaboration with the US plan A National Plan to Manage White Nose Syndrome in Bats in Canada



16 February 2012

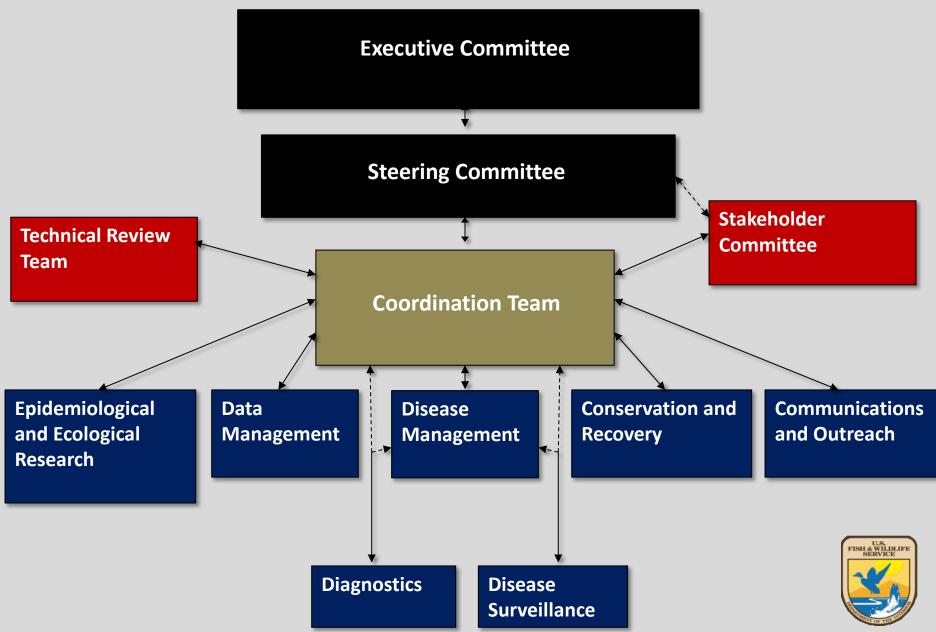


A National Plan for Assisting States, Federal Agencies, and Tribes in Managing White-Nose Syndrome in Bats May 2011

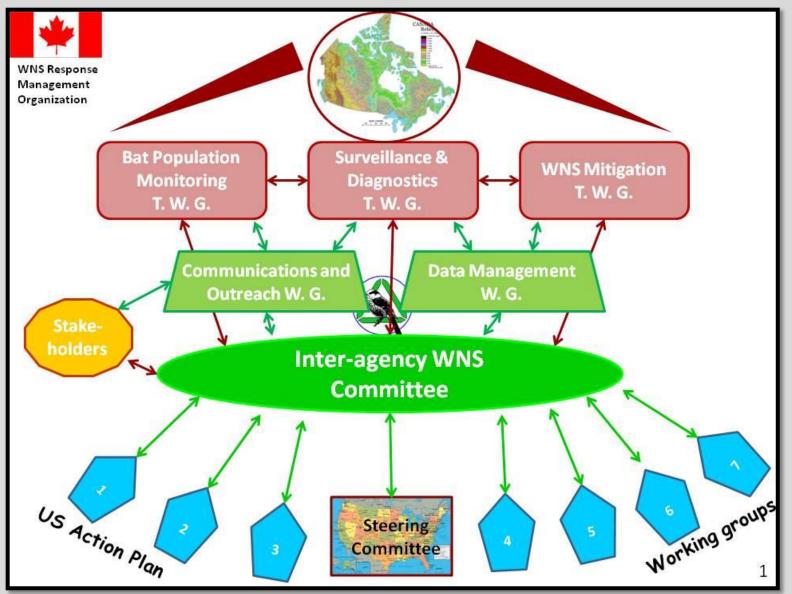




## **US WNS Organization Structure**



## **Canadian WNS Organization Structure**



Canadian Cooperative Wildlife Health Centre Centre Canadien Coopératif de la santé de la faune

# **US Working Groups**

#### **Diagnostics – Anne Ballmann, USGS NWHC**

Diagnostics protocols & case definitions

#### Disease Surveillance – Eric Britzke, DoD

National Surveillance Plan



#### **Communications and Outreach - Catherine Hibbard, USFWS**

National Communications Plan, Outreach, EduBat

#### Data and Technical Information Management – Laura Ellison, USGS FORT

Bat Population Database, Disease Tracking Database

#### Disease Management – Jonathan Reichard, USFWS (interim)

Decontamination, Cave Management Guidance, Treatment/Control

#### Etiological and Epidemiological Research – Sybill Amelon, USFS, NRS

Environmental Manipulations

#### **Conservation and Recovery – Robyn Niver, USFWS**

NaBat, Species and Habitat Recovery, Captive Management



## **Budget for WNS**

- Agency spending, FY07-13: ~\$40 million
  (USFWS, USGS, NPS, BLM, USFS, APHIS, DoD, ~40 states)
- USFWS total allocation, FY07-14: ~\$27 million
  - USFWS grants through FY14: >\$20 million
- USFWS research and state support in FY2015
  - \$3.4 million
  - 4 grant opportunities





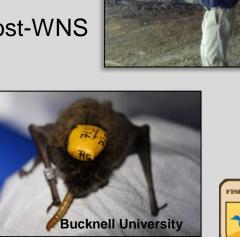


## **USFWS Funding & Support - FY2014**

- \$1.6 million for 8 Federal agency research projects
  Matched with \$1.6 million by USGS, USFS, & NPS
- \$1.9 million for 9 Research projects
- \$1.3 million to 30 states for WNS capacity

### **Research targets:**

- Pd surveillance
- Treatment and control of Pd
- Understanding bat populations, pre- and post-WNS
- Bat physiology and immunology
- *Pd* genetics, ecology, and pathogenicity
- Population monitoring, NABat
- Ecological Impacts
- Communications and Outreach

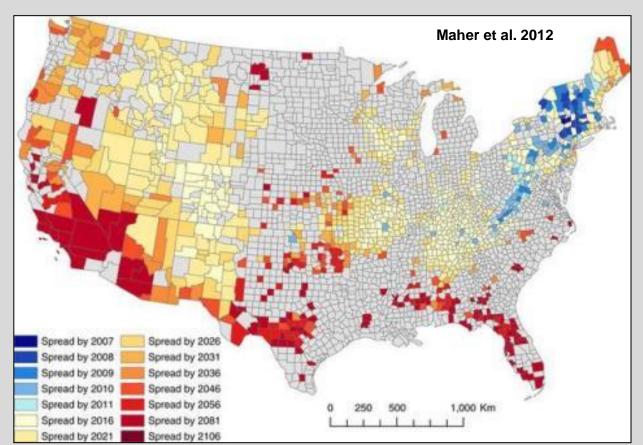






## Future of WNS?

- Models predict continued spread
- All hibernating bat species potentially at risk
- Long-term impacts to bat population dynamics uncertain





## **Multi-Partner Collaboration**



## Thank You!

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