

Silvertip Pipeline Incident

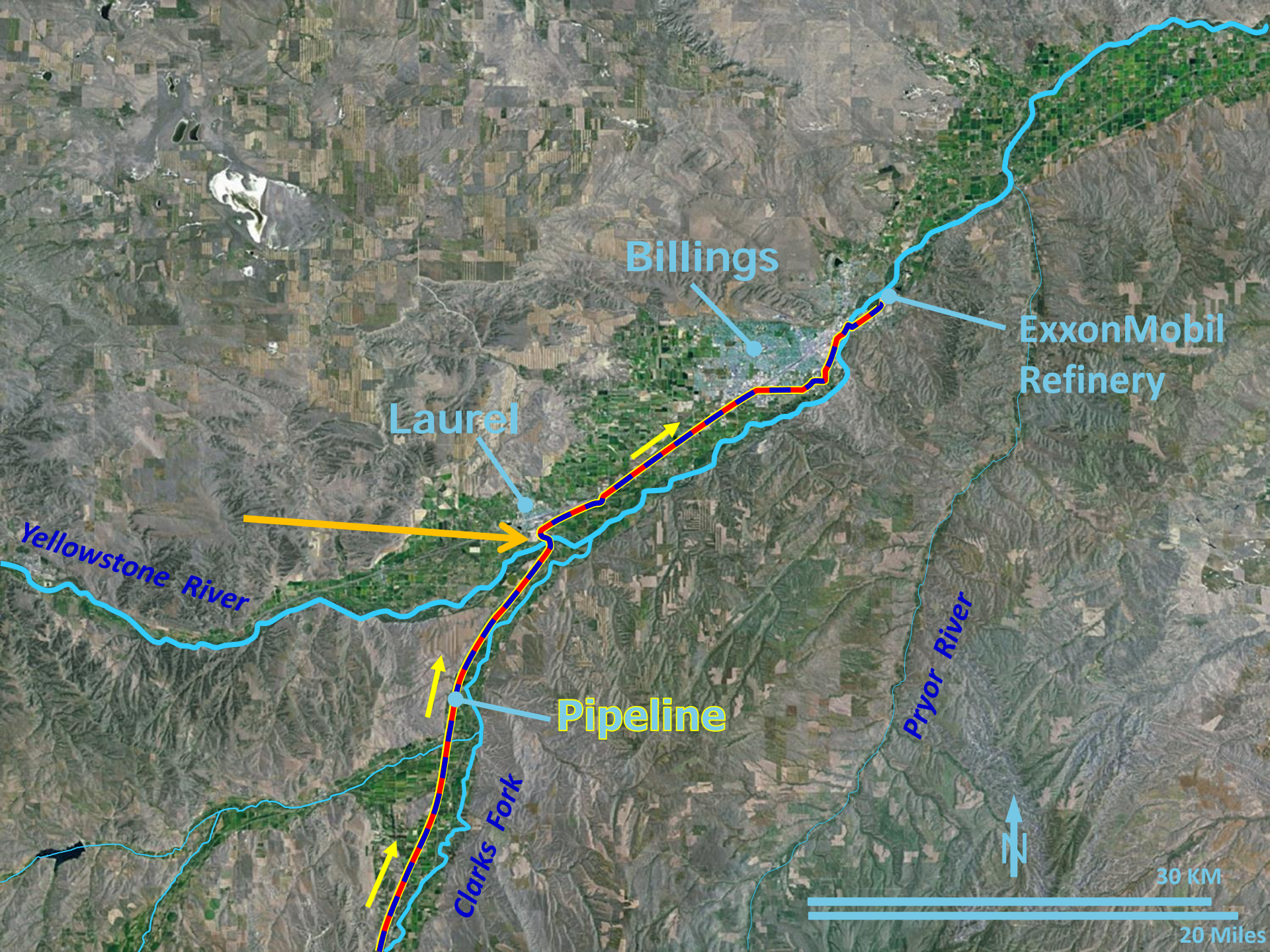
Post Clean-up Revegetation

Len Ballek (Herrera) and Laura Alvey (MT DEQ)



The Incident

- A 12-inch pipeline near Laurel, Montana broke on July 1, 2011
- Approximately 1,500 barrels, or 63,000 gallons, spilled into the Yellowstone River
- Yellowstone River at the peak of a 30-year flood



Billings

ExxonMobil
Refinery

Laurel

Yellowstone River

Pipeline

Clarks Fork

Pryor River



30 KM

20 Miles







The Response

- Shut down the pipeline
- Evacuations
- Treatment
 - Oiled vegetation cutting and removal, wipe/flush surfaces, remove soil, sediment and debris, sorbents, natural attenuation, dust fixative
- Sampling: drinking water, irrigation water, surface water, soil







Vegetation impacts from oil cleanup operations

- Vehicle traffic
- Foot traffic
- Heavy equipment
- Staging area
- Other actions



Fall 2011

- Refine seed mixes
- Define Revegetation Treatment Options
- Document conditions and damage by site
- Review and approve treatments by site

Seed Mix Review

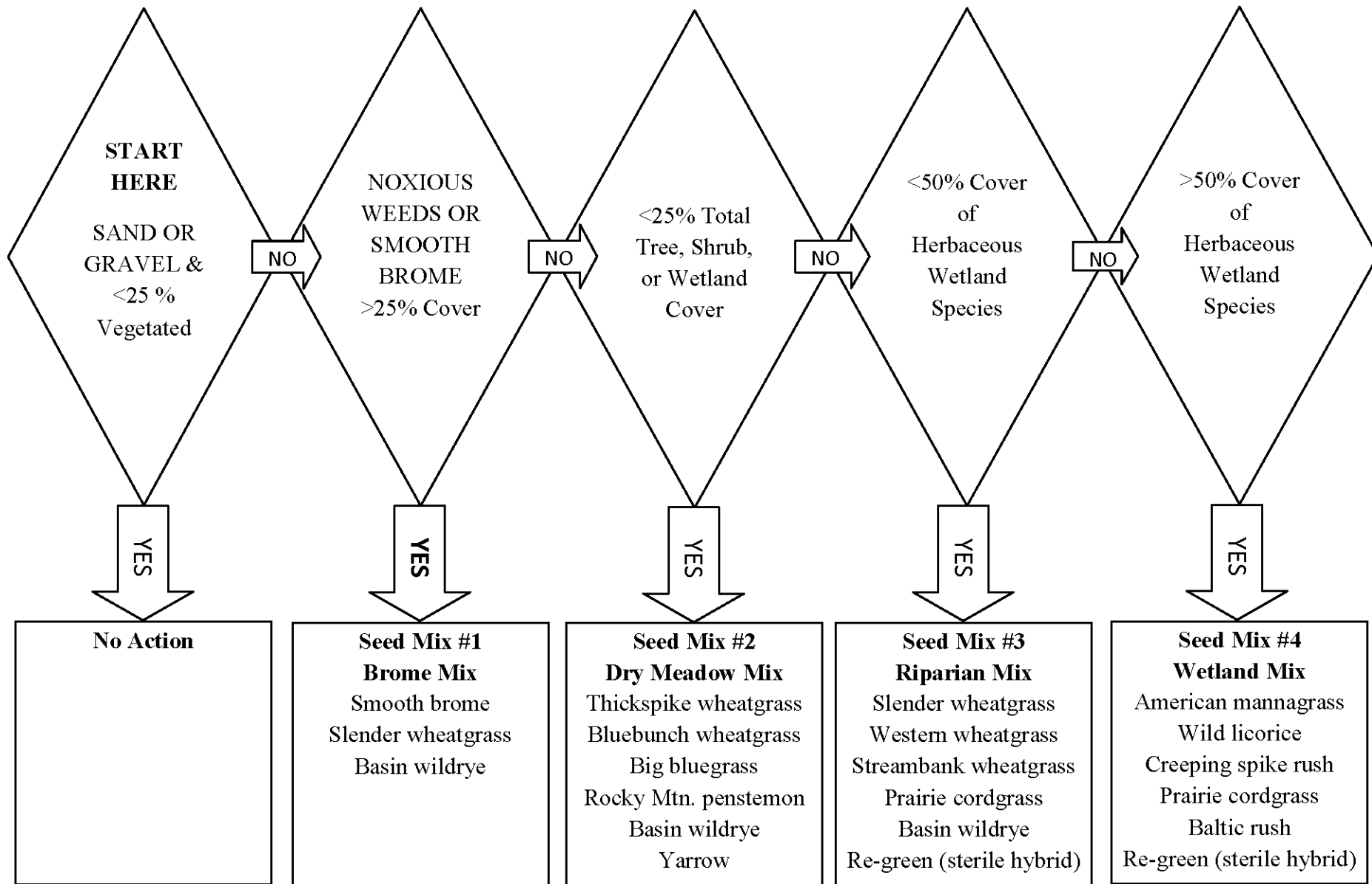
Seed mix 3 - Native Riparian mix

Common Name	Species	% mix	Desired Seeds / square foot	Seeds/lb.	PLS pounds /acre
American mannagrass	<i>Glyceria grandis</i>	25.0%	20	200,000	4.4
Slender wheatgrass	<i>Elymus trachycaulus</i>	25.0%	20	135,000	6.5
Western wheatgrass	<i>Pascopyrum smithii</i>	15.0%	12	113,840	4.6
Streambank wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron riparium</i>	15.0%	12	153,000	3.4
Prairie cordgrass	<i>Spartina pectinata</i>	5.0%	4	638,863	0.3
Basin wild rye	<i>Leymus cinerius</i>	15.0%	12	144,000	3.6
Regreen	<i>Triticum aestivum xElytrigia elongata</i>	5.0%	4	12,000	14.5
Grand Totals		100.0%	80		37.2

Collaborate to Develop Reclamation Options

- Field discussions





Reclamation Flow Diagram (Seeding and Raking)

Commuting to Work



Site Visits

- Characterize damage to vegetation and document plant community, soils and weed issues



Sand or Gravel- Less than 25% Cover

- No Action



Weeds or Smooth Brome

- Seed Mix 1- Brome mix



Less than 25% Tree, Shrub or Wetland Cover

- Seed Mix 2- Dry Meadow Mix



Less than 50% Cover of Wetland Herbaceous Species

- Seed Mix 3- Riparian Mix



More than 50% Cover of Wetland Herbaceous Species

- Seed Mix 4- Wetland Mix



October 2011 Revegetation Treatments/Seeding



Harrowing and Rolling



June 2012 Revegetation Results

- Results of seeding ranged from poor to excellent
- Natural regeneration of vegetation was the most common reason for recovery
- Recreational ATV activity was common on 20% of the sites
- Two sites did not meet reclamation requirement



Unsuccessful revegetation



Successful natural regeneration



Successful seeding

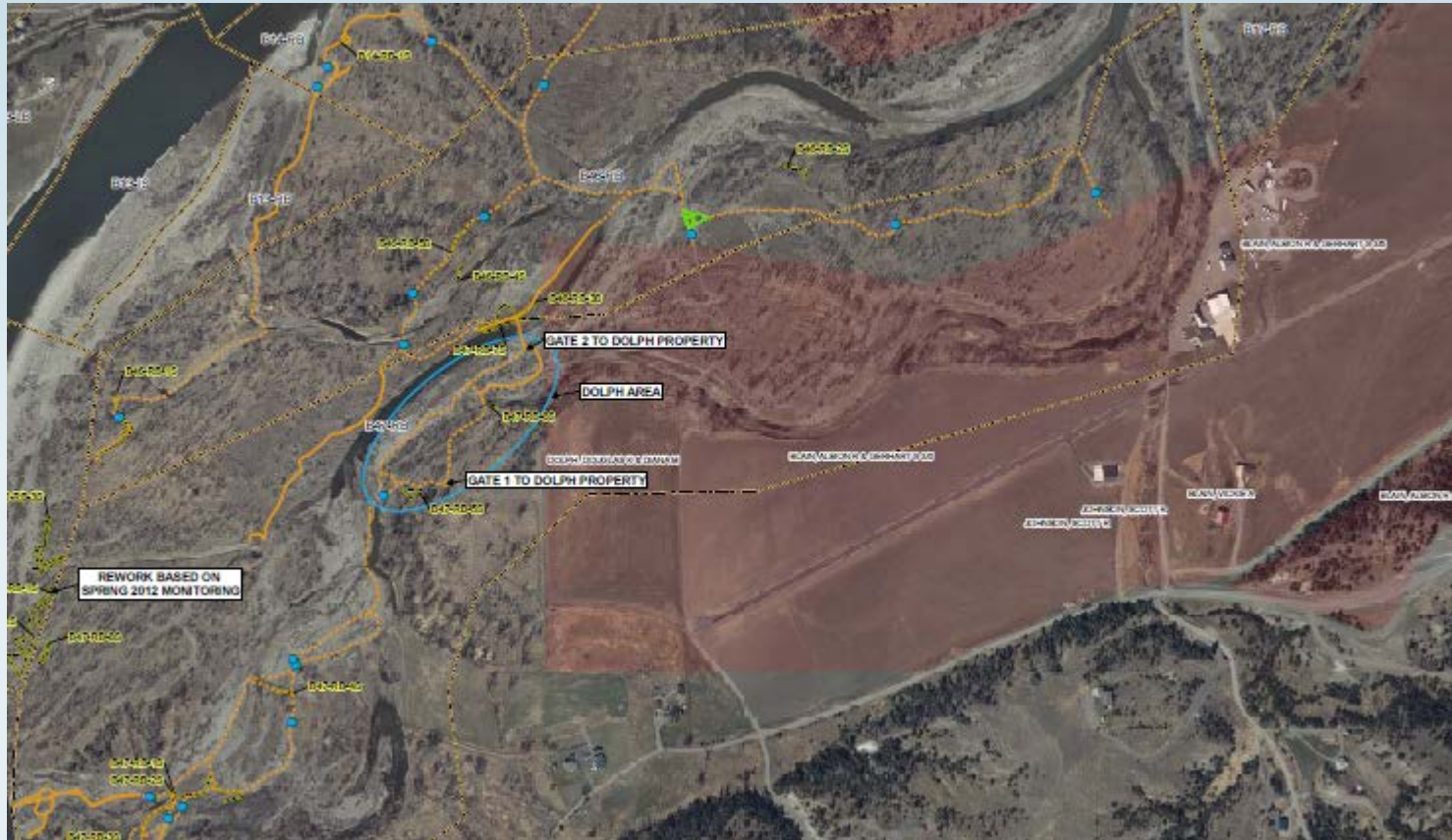
Continued disturbance by ATV's



Fall 2012 ATV Trails Rehabilitation

- Worked with landowners to determine trails needed for management activities
- Unnecessary trails treated with barriers and/or debris placement
- Signs were placed to discourage ATV traffic

ATV trails and treatments to restore vegetation



Posting Closure of Trails



Fencing



Woody Debris Placement



Follow up monitoring June 2013

- Re-visit sites that were re-seeded in Fall 2012
- Inspect results of ATV trails closure and restoration efforts

Lessons Learned

- Natural recovery of vegetation
- Many areas not appropriate for active revegetation
- There are long and short term impacts of access trails and roads on a project