







EVALUATION AND RESTORATION OF PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM PERFORMANCE IN PENNSYLVANIA



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Pennsylvania PTS: A Brief Background

- ~77 billion gal/yr of AMD treated in PA alone¹
- <300 publicly funded PTS in PA¹
- > PTS are low maintenance, not no maintenance.







Pennsylvania PTS: A Brief Background

- Most PA treatment systems maintained by grassroots watershed organizations.
- Sufficient O&M funding typically not included in PTS budgets





Operation & Maintenance Technical Assistance Program

- Assist PA watershed groups, non-profits, conservation districts, etc.
- 2011-Current (multiple grants)
- Technical assistance & water sampling
- Funding Sources
 - PA DEP Growing Greener Program
 - Foundation for PA Watersheds
 - In-kind/match watershed groups





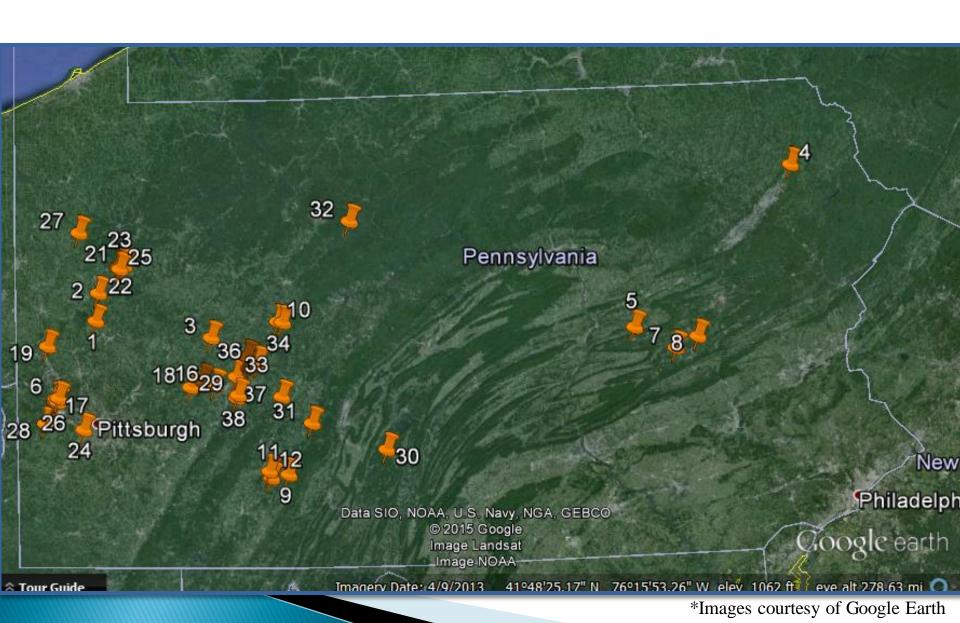
Site Assesment

- Most sites require maintenance over time
- Regular site visits and observations allow many problems to be addressed quickly and efficiently
- PA PTS Snapshot

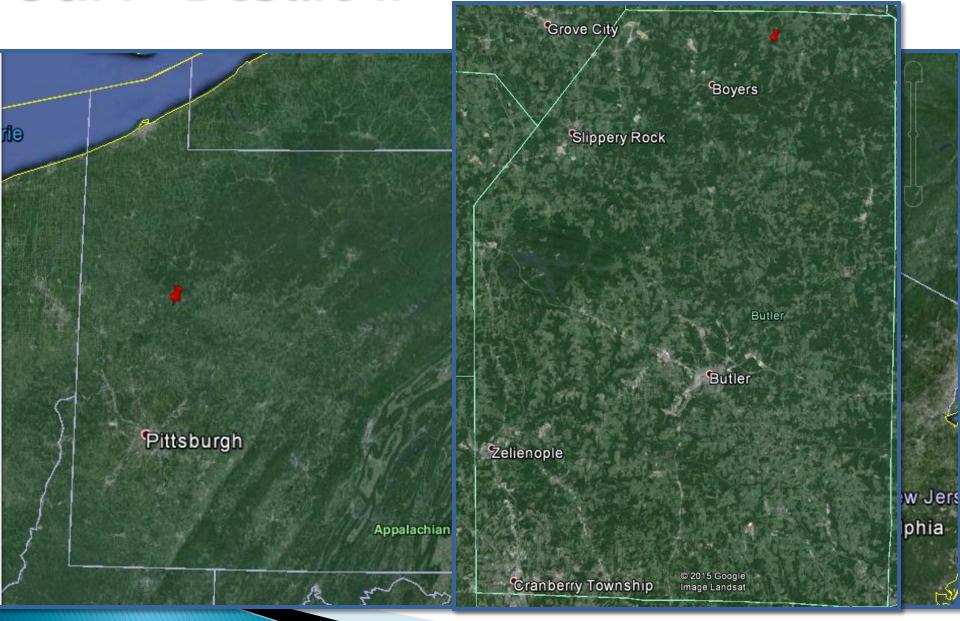


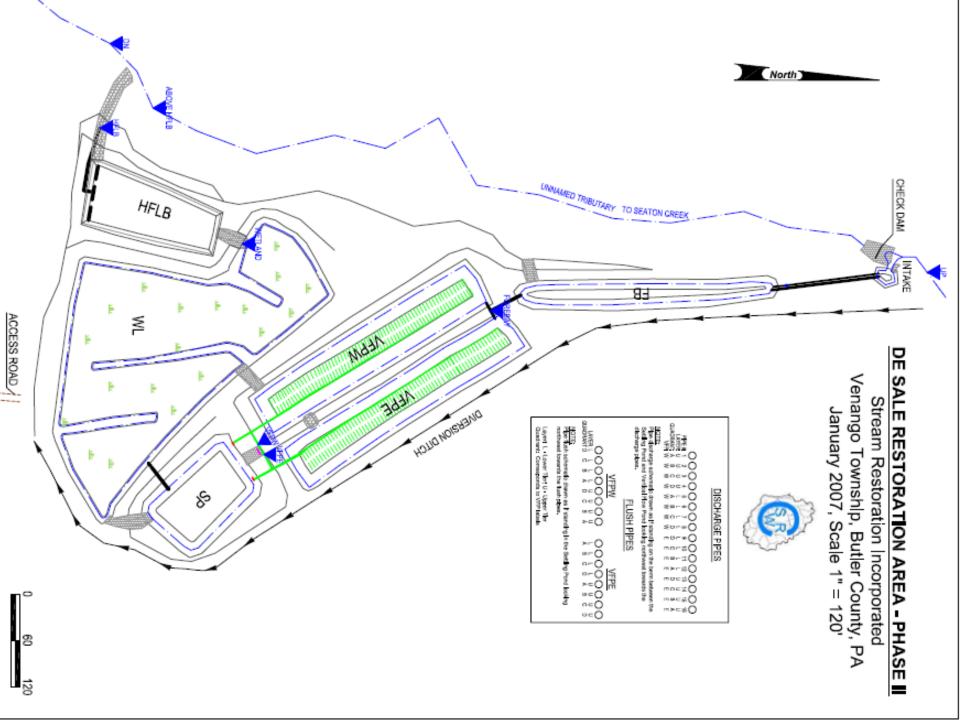


O&M to date



O&M- DeSale II





DeSale II Background

AMD Source: Abandonded

Surface Mine

Venango Twp, Butler Co.

Funding:

Foundation for PA Watersheds,

PA DEP Growing Greener, In

Kind Contributions

Stream: Seaton Creek



Water Quality (Avg.)

Parameter	Forebay	HFLB Effluent
рН	3.12	6.27
alkalinity	0	74.22
acidity	211.35	neg.
Fe	15.08	2.45
Mn	44.57	24.69
Al	10.33	<1

*Total metals mg/L, acidity and alkalinity as CaCO3 mg/L

DeSale II - History/Maintenance

- 2000-Site constructed
- 2012- decreased treatment performance noted
- VFP East Stir
- Forebay inlet and outlet cleaned







DeSale II – History/Maintenance

- WL outlet cleared of vegetation
- HFLB stone re-leveled
- VFP outlet spillway cleared of vegetation buildup







DeSale II- Recent Maintenance

- Multiple issues noted during site visit by SRWC
- Forebay pipe inlet clogged
- VFP performance decreased





Desale II-Forebay



Desale II- Vertical Flow Pond







Desale II- Vertical Flow Pond



Desale II- Vertical Flow Pond



O&M- DeSale II

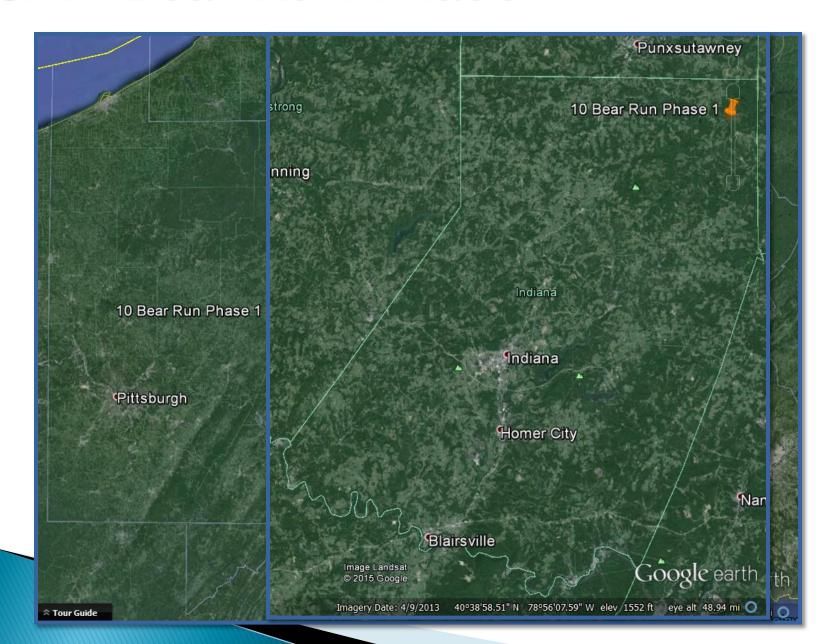


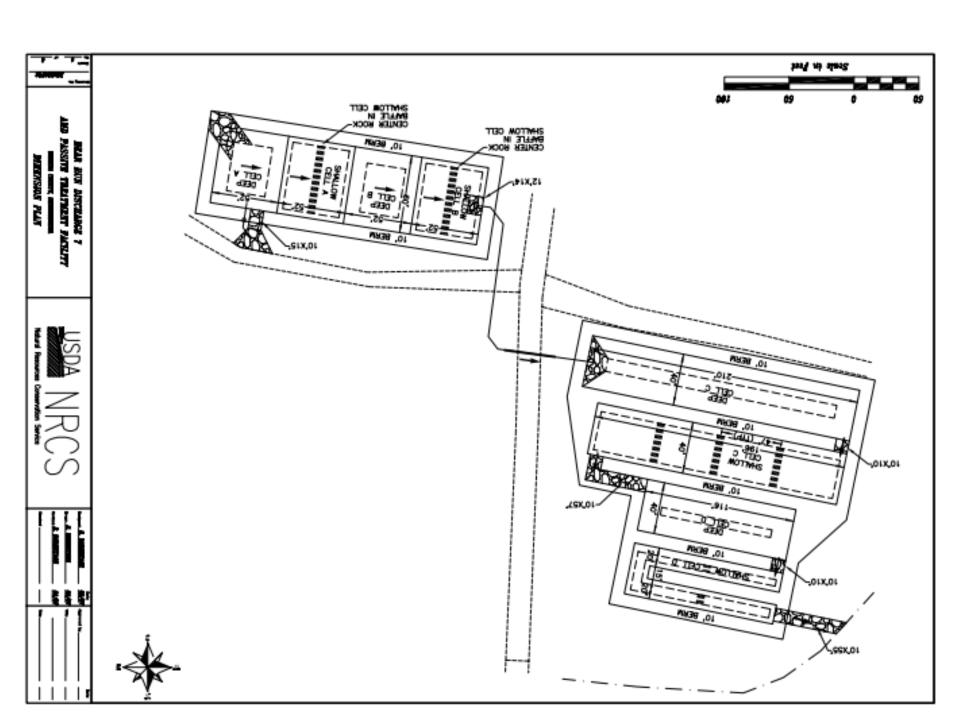
<u>Pre- and Post- O&M Effluent</u> <u>Field Water Quality Data</u>

Parameter	Pre- O&M	Post- O&M
рН	6.0	6.9
alkalinity	20	~70
Fe (mg/l)	4-8	0.5 – 1

Total metals mg/L, acidity and alkalinity as CaCO3 mg/L

O&M-Bear Run Phase 1





Bear Run Phase 1 Background

AMD Source: Underground Mine Banks Twp, Indiana Co.

Funding:

PADEP Growing Greener Title IV, Appalachian Clean Streams Initiative

Stream: Bear Run



Water Quality (Avg.)

Parameter	Raw	Effluent
рН	6.4	6.8
alkalinity	75	64
acidity	neg.	neg.
Fe	36.21	2.13
Mn	2.61	2.45
Al	>1	>1

*Total metals mg/L, acidity and alkalinity as CaCO3 mg/L

Bear Run Phase 1 Background

- 8" pipe flows 100' under road, blocked multiple times
- SRI assisted ICCD and the Evergreen Conservancy in clearing the blockage using a clean out tool
- Iron precipitation also reduced flow





Bear Run Phase 1-Next Round



Bear Run Phase 1



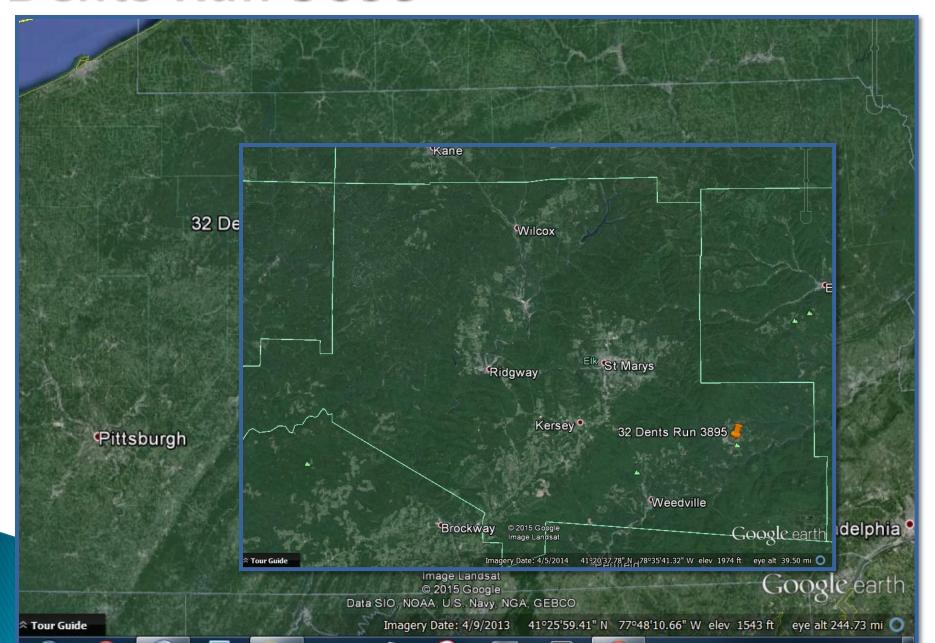
Bear Run Phase 1



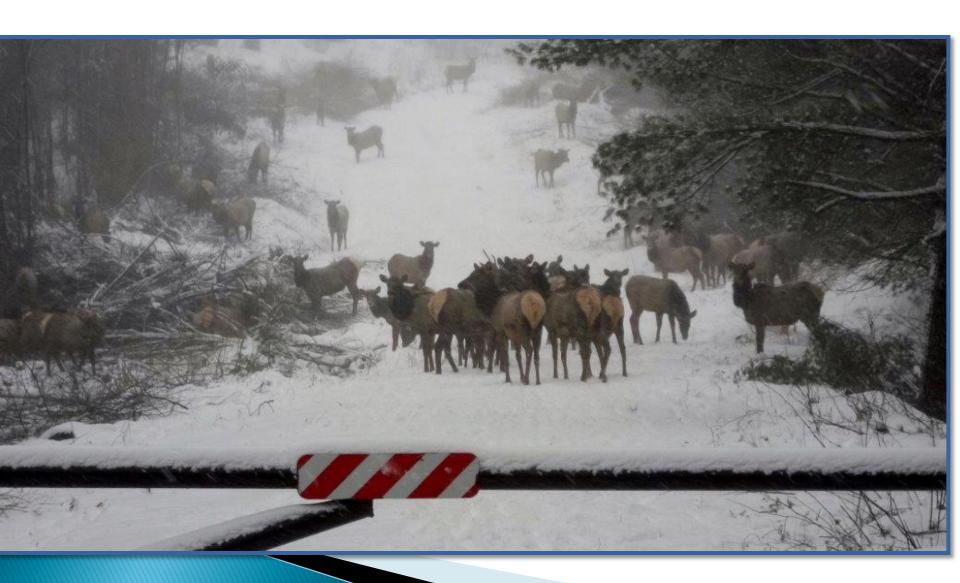


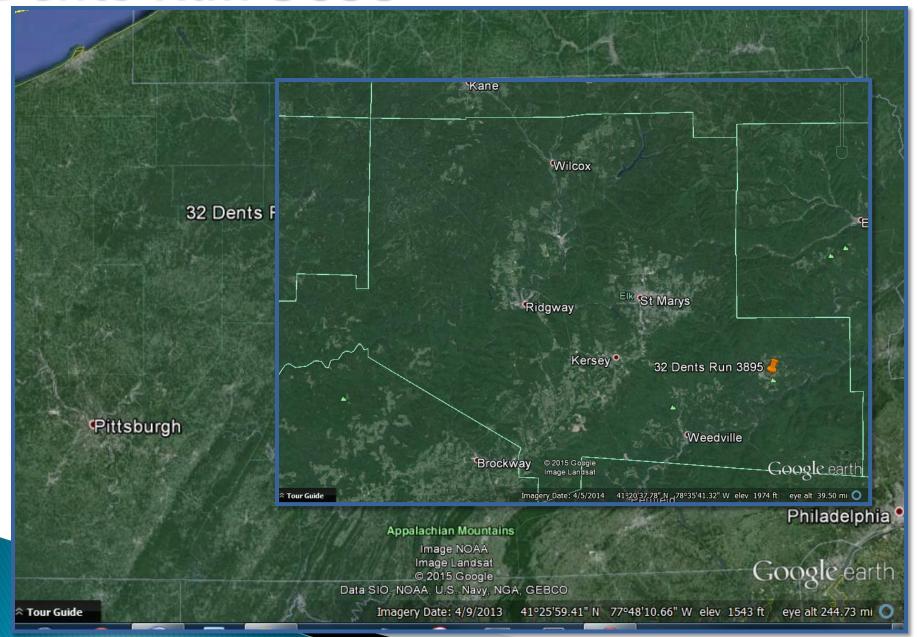
Bear Run Phase 1

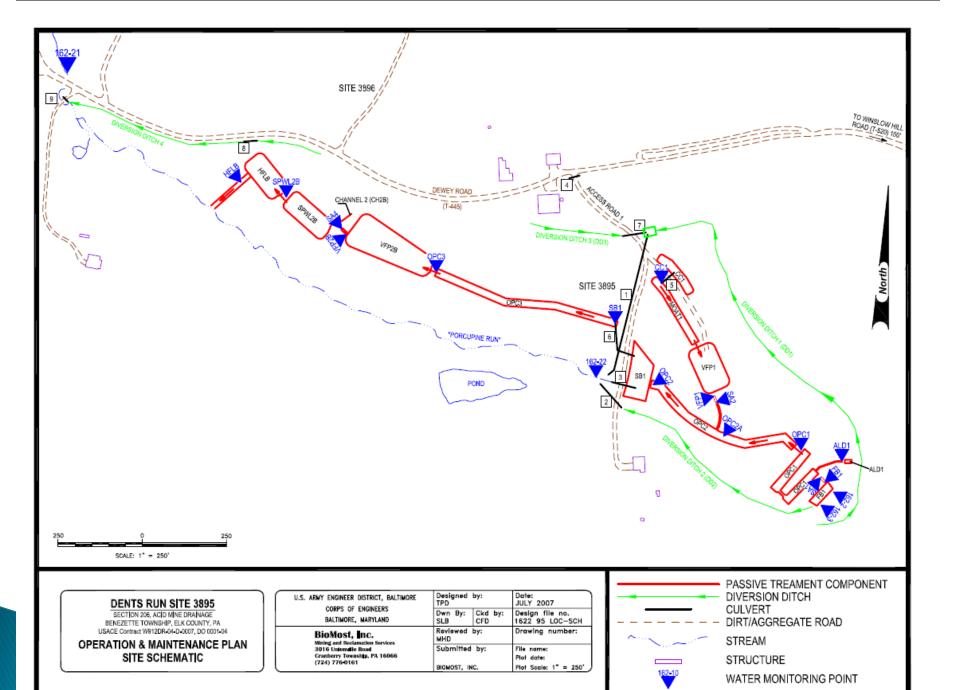




Dents Run 3895 - Elk Country!!







Dents Run 3895 Background

AMD Source: Underground

Benezette Twp., Elk Co.

Funding: US Army Corps of

Engineers

Stream: Porcupine Run

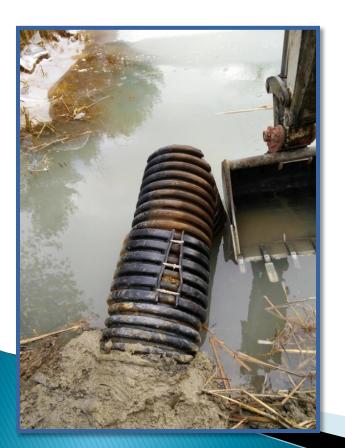


Water Quality (Avg.)

Parameter	Forebay	HFLB Effluent
рН	2.69	7.3
alkalinity	0	212.41
acidity	1389.55	neg.
Fe	311.33	<1
Mn	20.05	7.38
Al	130.52	<1

*Total metals mg/L, acidity and alkalinity as CaCO3 mg/L

- ▶ 2008–Site constructed
- 2014 Hydraulic issues noted









- Box outlet clogged
- Vegetation removed, outlet depth increased









Conclusions

- Passive treatment is not maintenance free;
- Like a car, regular inspections and occasional maintenance are needed for a treatment system to reach it's design life;
- Poor water quality does not always mean the system is a failure or has reached its design life;
- Treatment performance can often be restored through maintenance activities that rejuvenate the system instead of replacing the treatment media or rebuilding the system and thus saving money;

Acknowledgement

Thanks to PA DEP, Foundation for PA Watersheds for funding, and conservation districts, Watershed volunteers, and all the others who help to make projects like these possible!





References

- http://www2.datashed.org/
- Google Earth http://www.google.com/earth/
- Bing Maps http://www.bing.com/maps/

Questions?

















Operation and maintenance: An Overview (continued)







At Laurel Run #1 Vertical flow ponds (Top) and flush ponds (Bottom) were rehabilitated by Biomost, Inc. alongside the addition of a new VFP by Amerikohl Mining, Inc.



Why Do Passive Systems "Fail"?

- <u>Design</u> undersized, wrong application/developing technology, etc.
- Construction sloppiness, short-cuts, accidental errors
- Site conditions not enough room, something vs. nothing
- Unanticipated issues water quality or quantity changes
- Design life met and/or treatment media spent
- Lack of O&M