

Mobility of Arsenic in Sediments of Coalbed Natural Gas (CBNG) Disposal Pond Playas in the Powder River Basin (PRB), Wyoming

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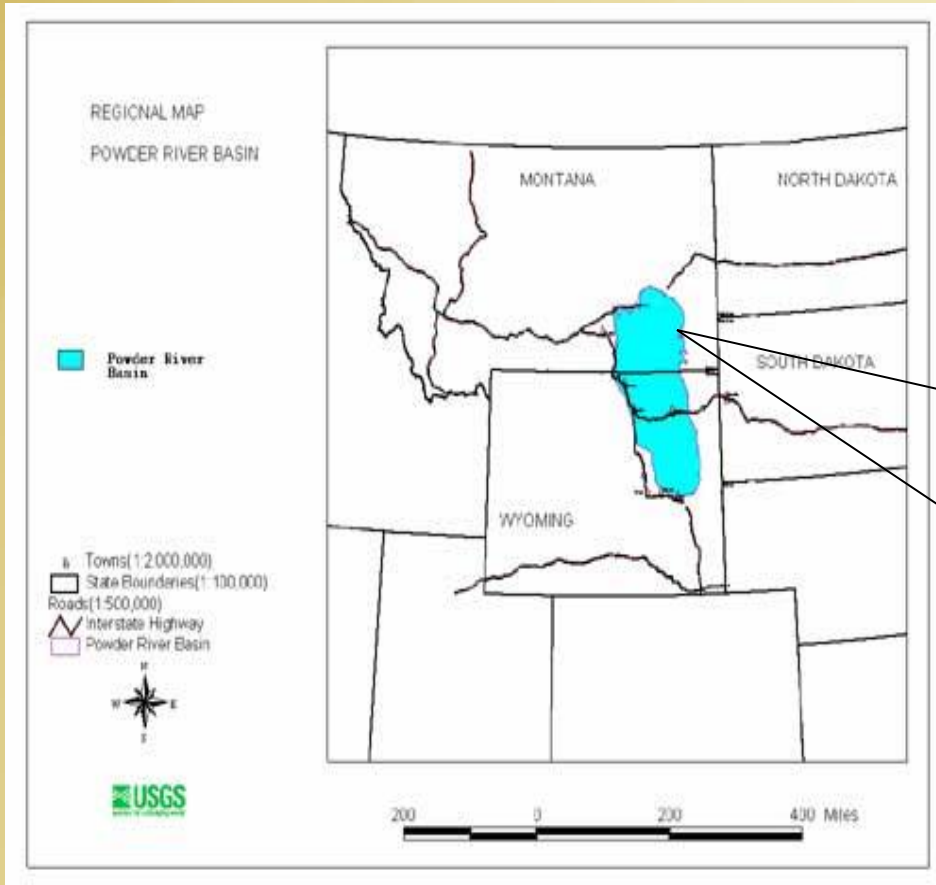
**Wyoming Reclamation
and Restoration Center**



Project Background

- ▶ Continuation of previous studies of water and sediment quality in in CBNG outflow ponds in PRB
- ▶ Sampled dried ponds (playas) in five sub-basins
- ▶ Collected sediment samples from seven pond playas and prepared them for fractionation experiment
- ▶ Investigating the leaching potential of Arsenic (As) in the sediments in CBNG playas

Location of PBR

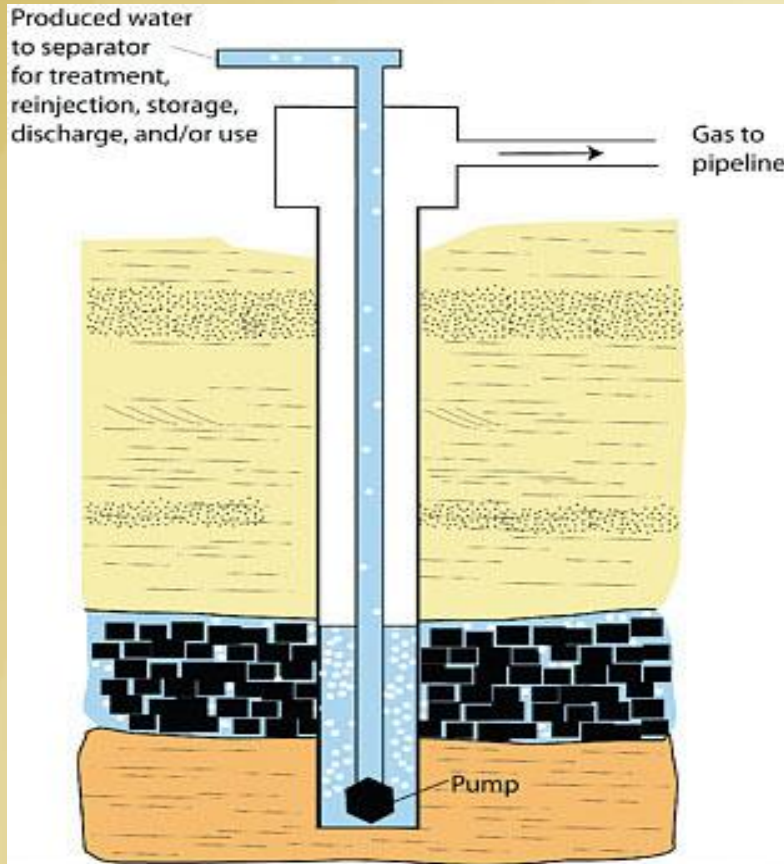


PBR Basin Environment



- ▶ **Semi arid basin**
Annual Precipitation
30-60 cm (12-24 in)
- ▶ **Loamy soils**
- ▶ **Soil pH 7.2**
- ▶ **Moderately to well**
draining
- ▶ **Northern Mixed Grass**
Prairie

CBNG Production



- ▶ > 4,000 impoundments in operation to manage CBNG water in Wyoming at end of 2010
- ▶ Impoundments are used to manage an estimated 65% of CBNG produced water in PRB

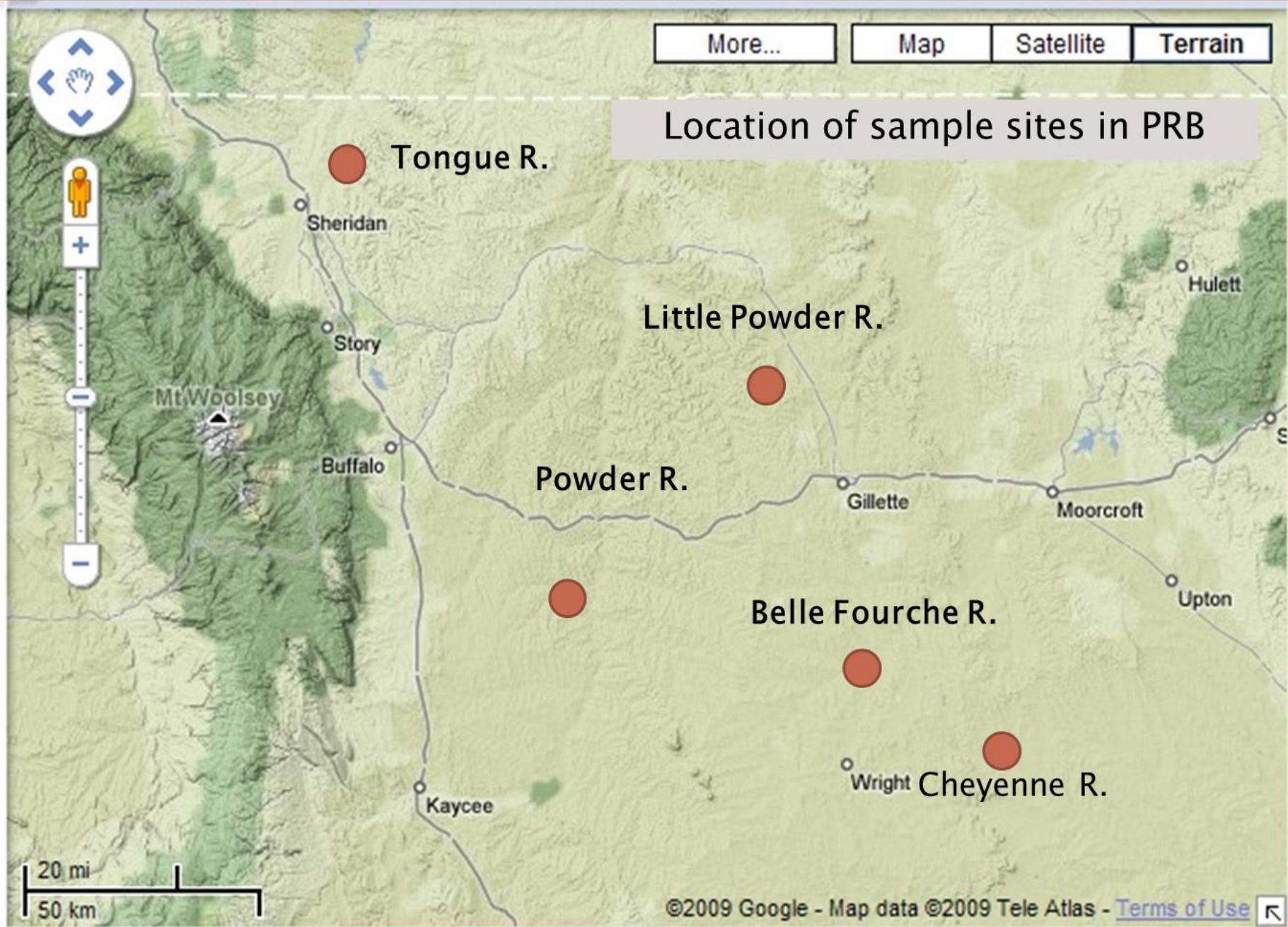
More...

Map

Satellite

Terrain

Location of sample sites in PRB



Sample site example in LPR



2004– 2009 studies



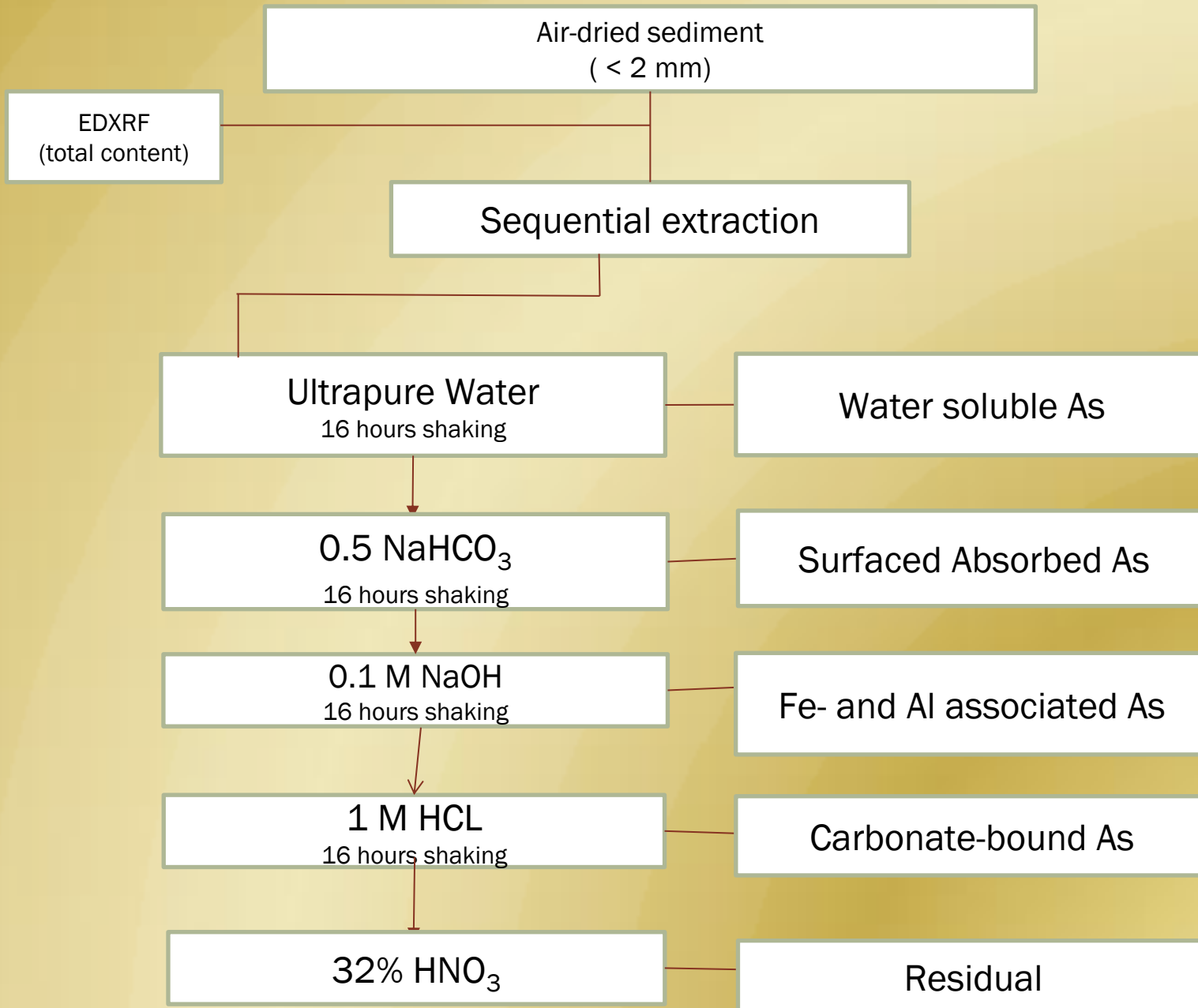
Summer 2013

Methods

- ▶ The CBNG holding pond sediments will be sampled during the summer months of 2013
- ▶ Collect sediment samples, in duplicate, from seven of the representative playas of CBNG discharge ponds in the PRB
- ▶ Will use the collection procedure given in US EPA (2005) guidelines
- ▶ Duplicate samples will be taken from the lowest elevation of each playa
- ▶ Sediment samples will be taken from the surface to approximately 20 cm depth
- ▶ These samples will be divided into 2 sections, each 10 cm in length
- ▶ Then cooled to 2°C for transport back to the Water Quality Lab at the University of Wyoming in Laramie, WY
- ▶ Samples will be aired dried and sieved to < 2mm for testing

Sequential Fractionation

- ▶ Involves the extraction of trace elements from the sample sediments associated with different fractions:
 - Water soluble As
 - Surface absorbed As
 - Fe- and Al-associated As
 - Carbonate – bound As
 - Residual As
- ▶ Multistep procedure to completely extract trace element (As) and determine accurate concentration under different conditions

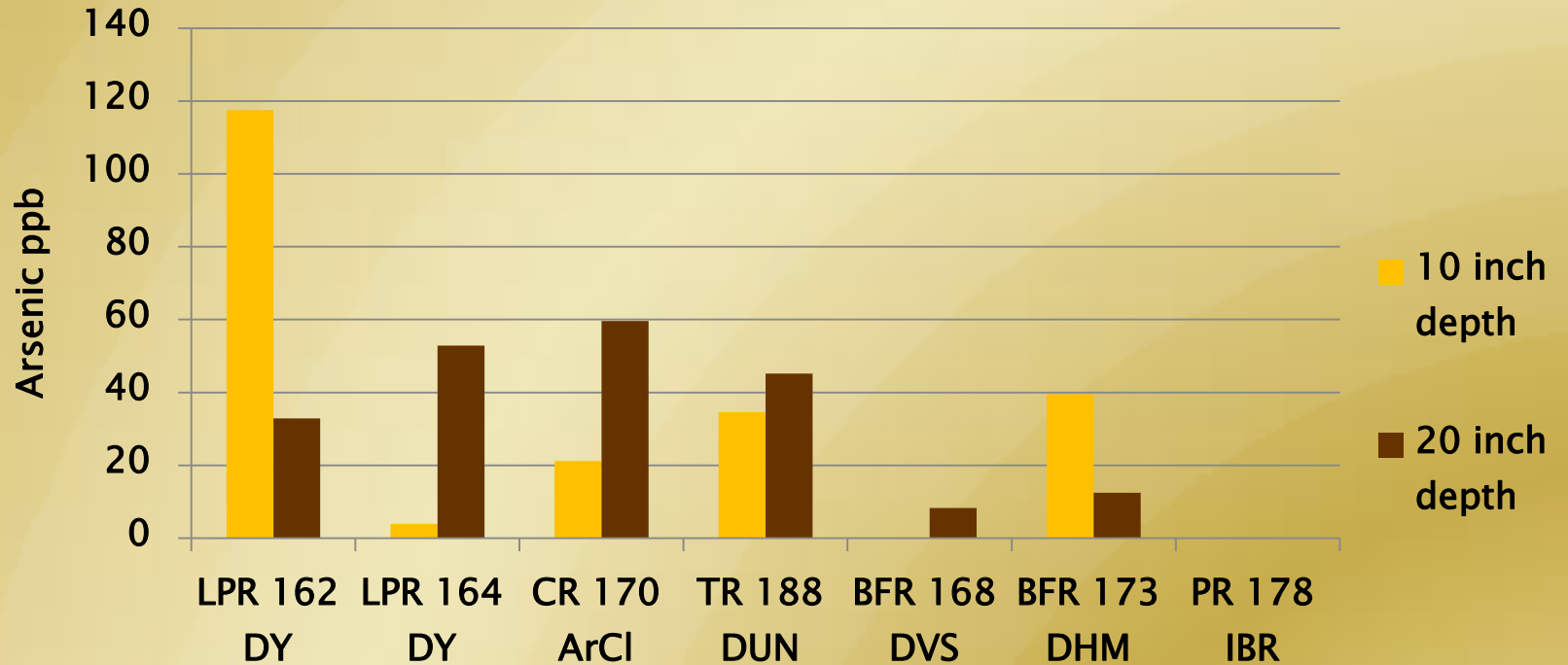


XRF Results

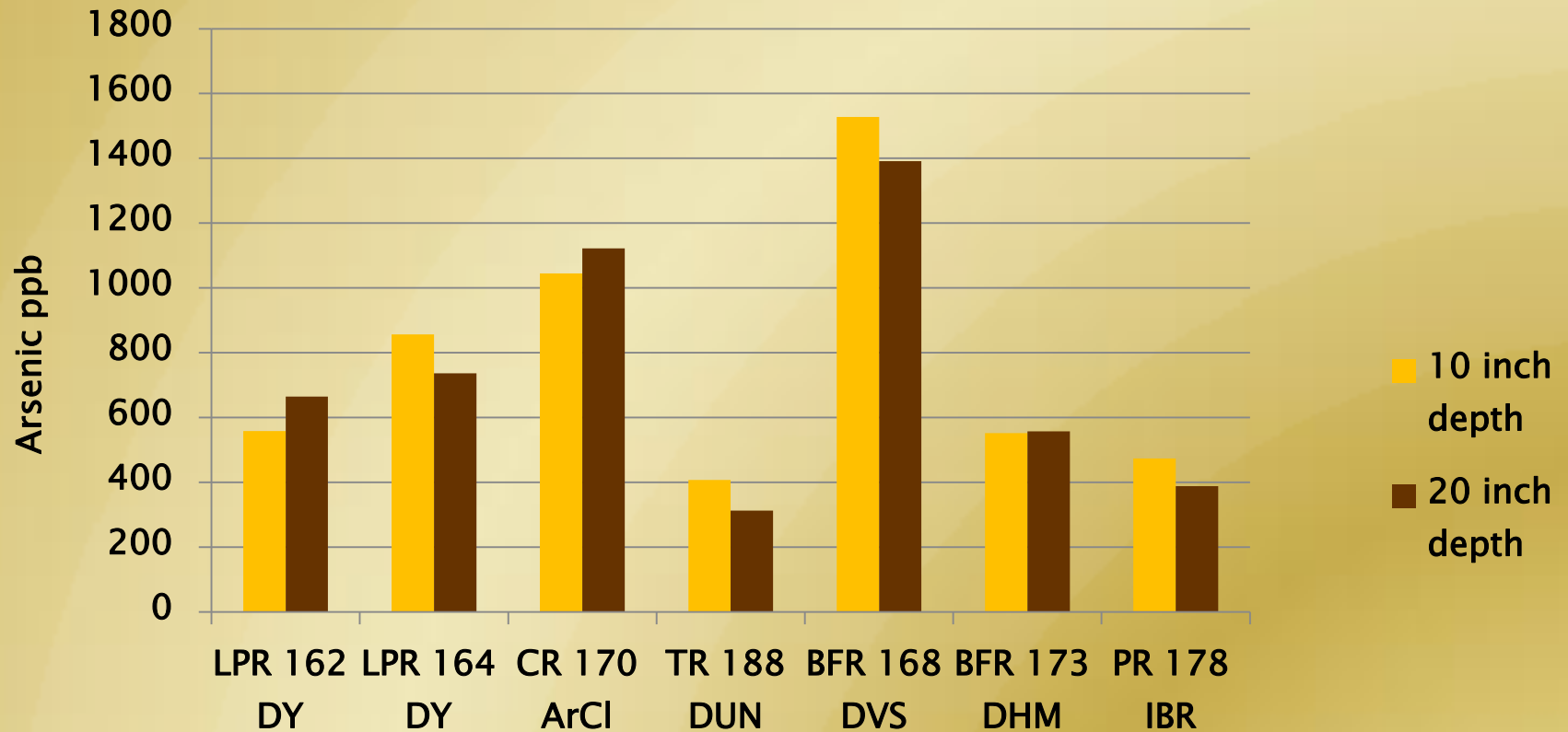
Total Arsenic



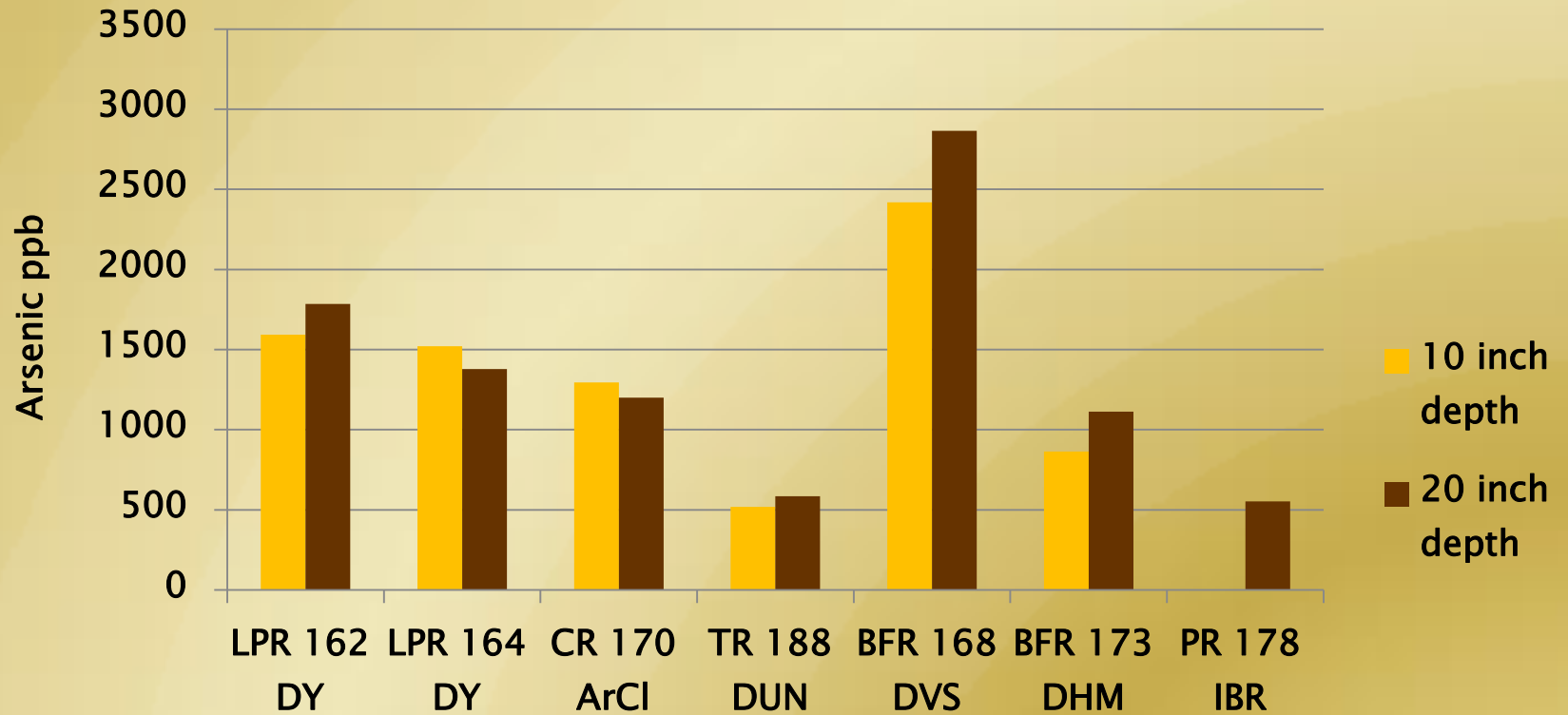
Results - Water Soluble



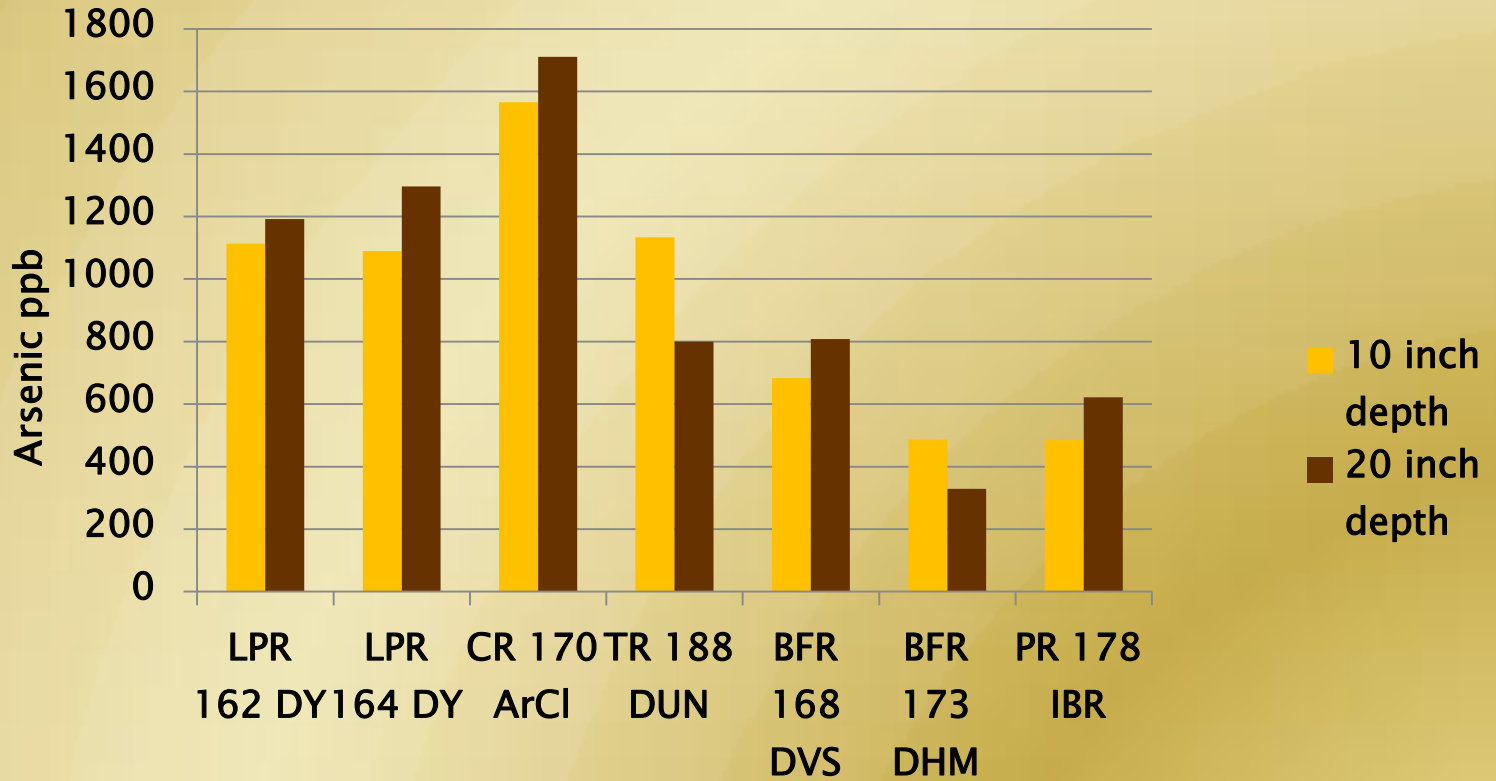
Results–Surfaced Absorbed



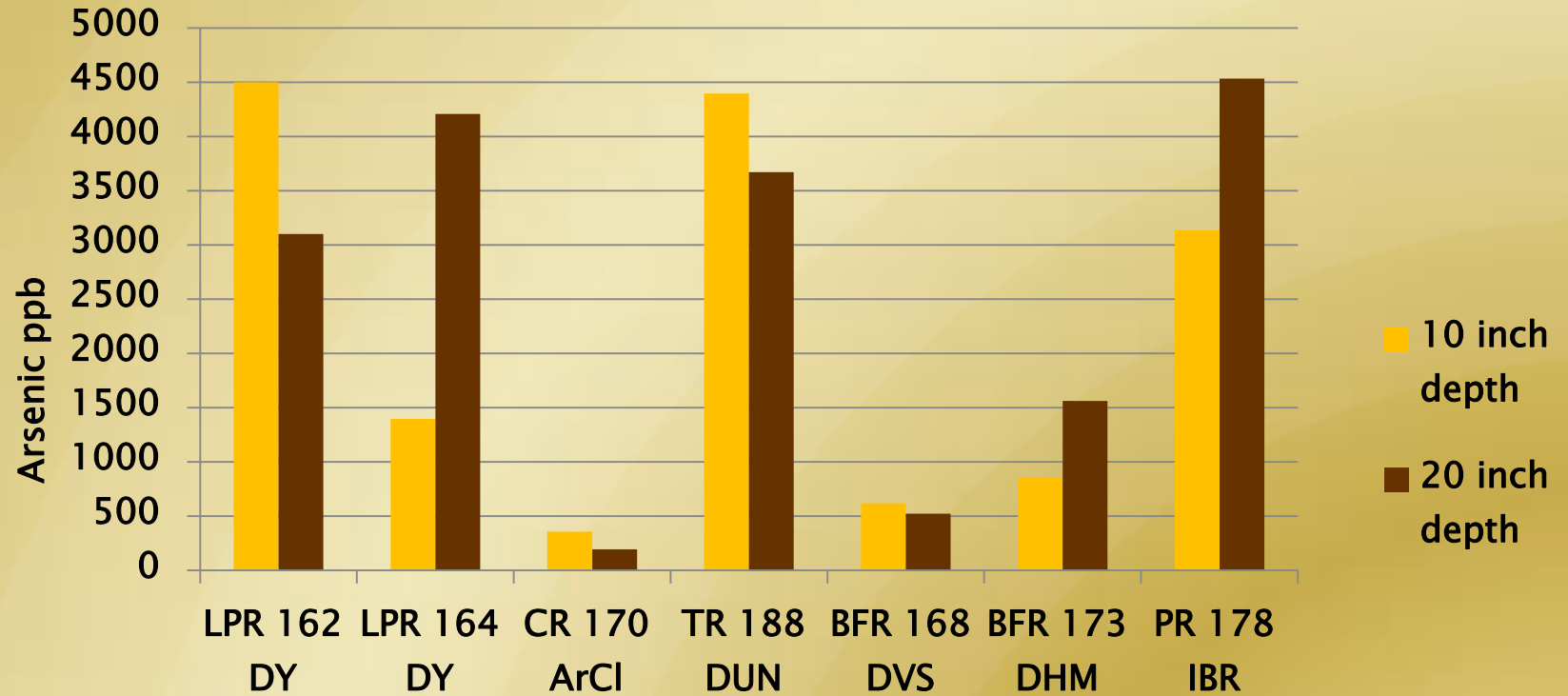
Results- Fe and Al



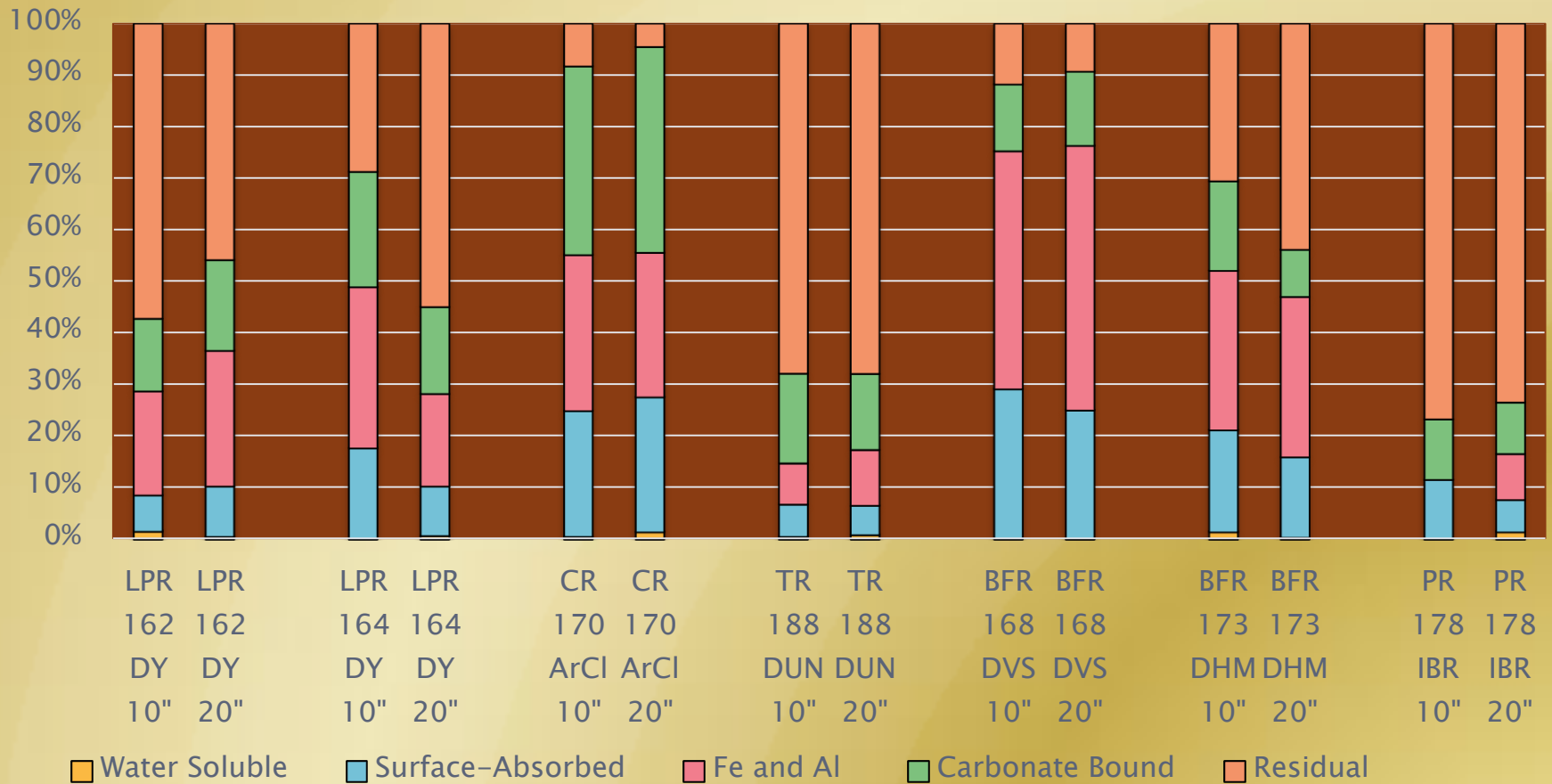
Results- Carbonates



Results- Residuals



All Results



Continuing Project Work

Results

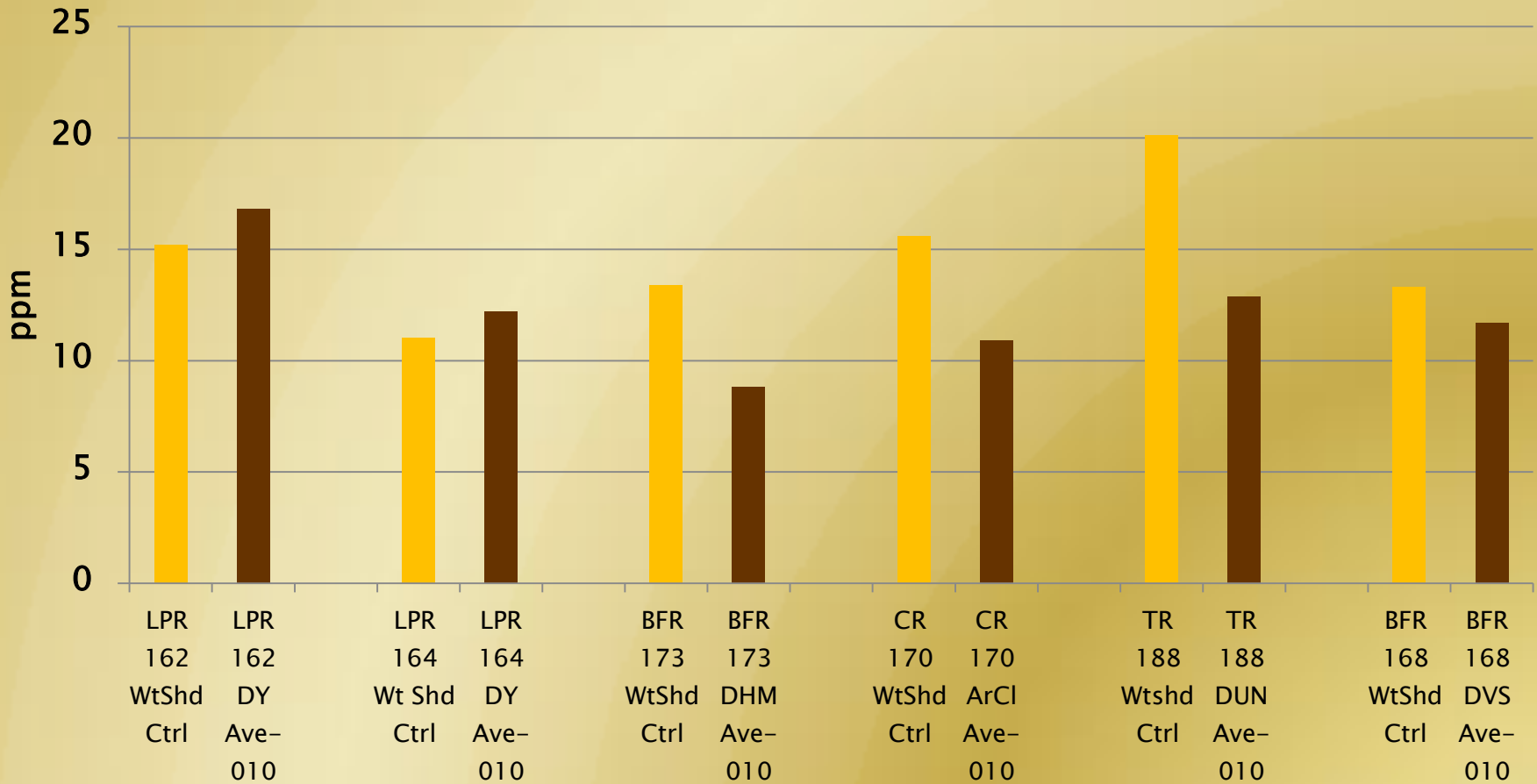
pH and Total Arsenic



Results

Total Arsenic

10 cm Watershed Control and 10 cm Sample



Conclusions

- ▶ The sequential extraction procedure has provided information on the amount of arsenic associated with different sediment fractions
- ▶ As expected most of the arsenic is being held in residual and Fe and Al oxide fraction and will not mobilize

References

- **McBeth**, I.H., K.J. Reddy, and Q.D. Skinner. 2003. Water chemistry of coalbed methane product water in three Wyoming watersheds. Journal of American Water Resources Association. 39:575-585.
- **McBeth**, I.H., K.J. Reddy, and Q.D. Skinner. 2003. Chemistry of trace elements in coalbed methane product water. Water Research. 37:884-890.
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- **Jackson**, R.E., and K.J. Reddy. 2007. Trace element chemistry of coalbed natural gas produced water in the Powder River Basin, Wyoming, Environmental Science and Technology. 41:5953-5959.
- **Milligan**, C., K.J. Reddy, and D. Legg. 2010. (*Invited*) Monitoring Geochemistry of CBNG Produced Water Outfalls, Disposal Ponds, and Sediments in Powder River Basin, Wyoming, Book Chapter (8). In: K.J. Reddy (ed.) Coalbed Natural Gas: Energy and Environment, Nova Science Publishers, Inc., Hauppauge, NY 11788, pp, 145-185.
- **Whitman**, A., K.J. Reddy, A. Kniss, and S. John. Long-term water quality trends in coalbed methane natural gas (CBNG) produced water in the Powder River Basin, Wyoming (in preparation).

Questions?